



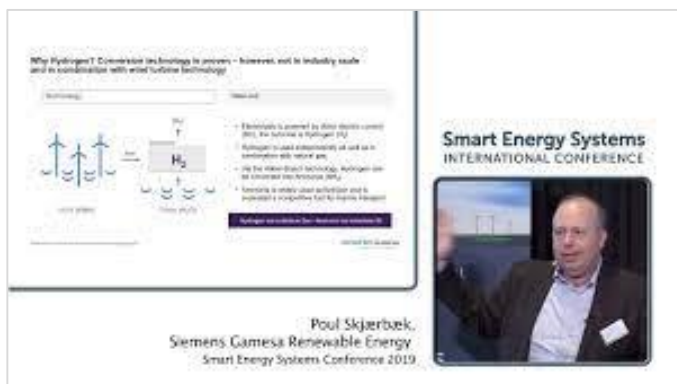
# Unlocking the Green Hydrogen Revolution

Poul Skjærbæk, Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy

Smart Energy Systems Conference, 21.09.2021

# Returning to SESAAU – A lot has happened in two years.

## Offshore Wind Power & Electrofuels



*2019: Outlining the vision...*

## Unlocking the Green Hydrogen revolution at the sea

### Agenda today

- Denmark and Offshore Wind
- SGRE's first Step: Brande Hydrogen
- Next steps to scale Wind-to-Hydrogen systems

*2021: Taking the action...*

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- **Denmark and Offshore Wind**
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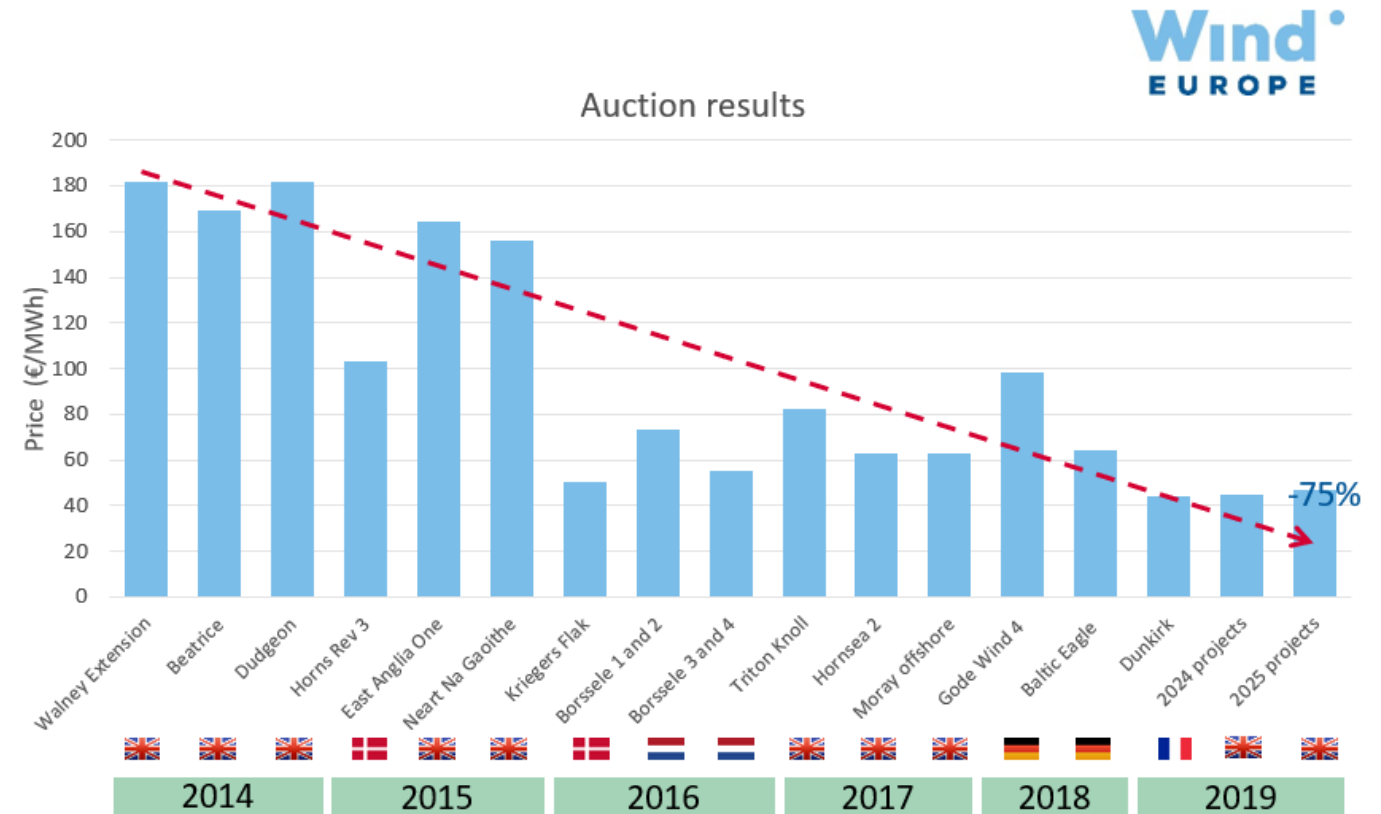


## Offshore wind power has scale and cost at a competitive level

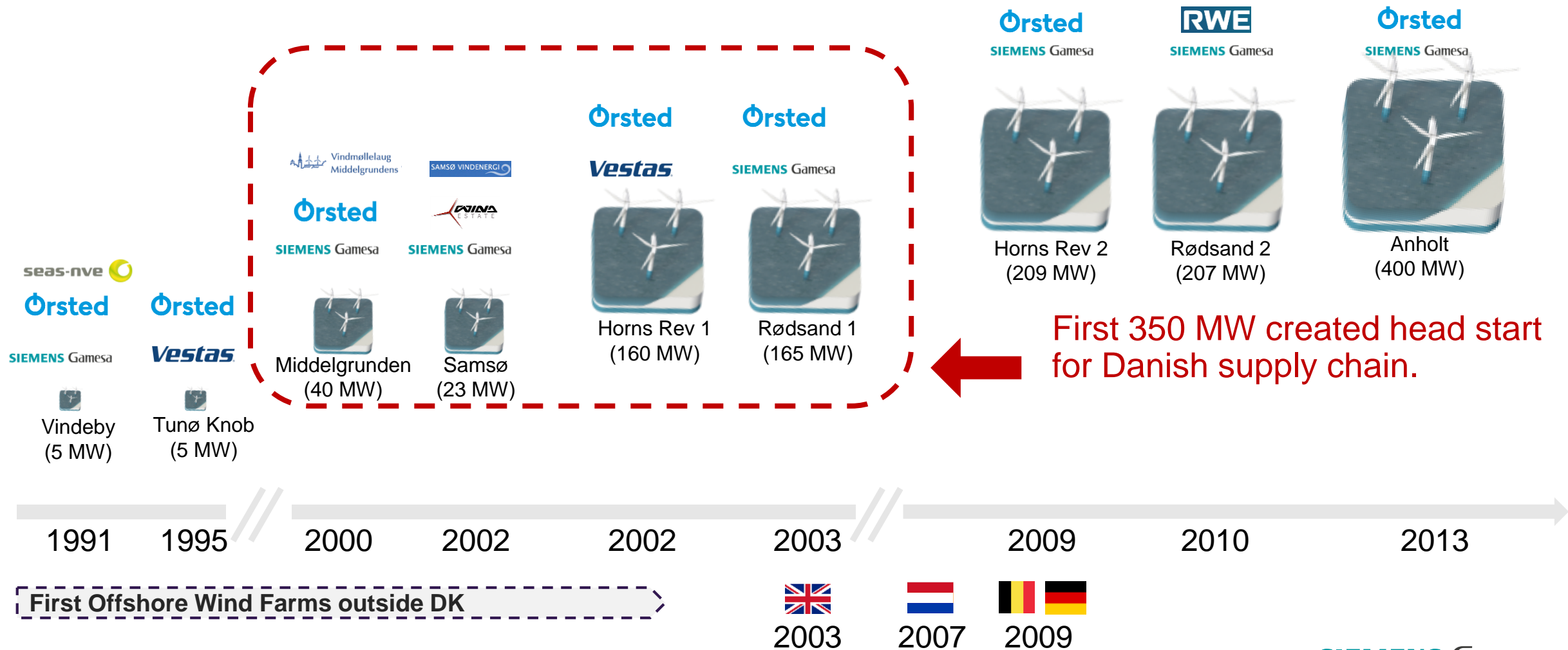
A lot has happened in 30 years...



Especially in the last few years...



# The Danish offshore wind advantage was not born in a lab – It was made from early projects in the field setting the standards for the world to follow



Restricted © Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy A/S

Note: There are a few other small danish offshore projects not included in this overview: Frederikshavn (7 MW, 2003), Sprogø (21 MW, 2009). All logos are copyrighted to their respective owners.

## Pictures from the pioneering days when offshore installation was done for the first time



Vindeby  
(5 MW - 1991)



Middelgrunden  
(40 MW - 2000)



Rødsand 2  
(207 MW - 2010)

Picture Credits: Vindeby: Bonus, Middelgrund & Rødsand 2: SGRE

# Denmarks share of the installed offshore wind fleet dropped from 70% to <10% in 15 years... It is a great export story as ~70% of global offshore turbines come from SGRE or Vestas

wind denmark

05.05.2020

Vindeksporten slår rekord

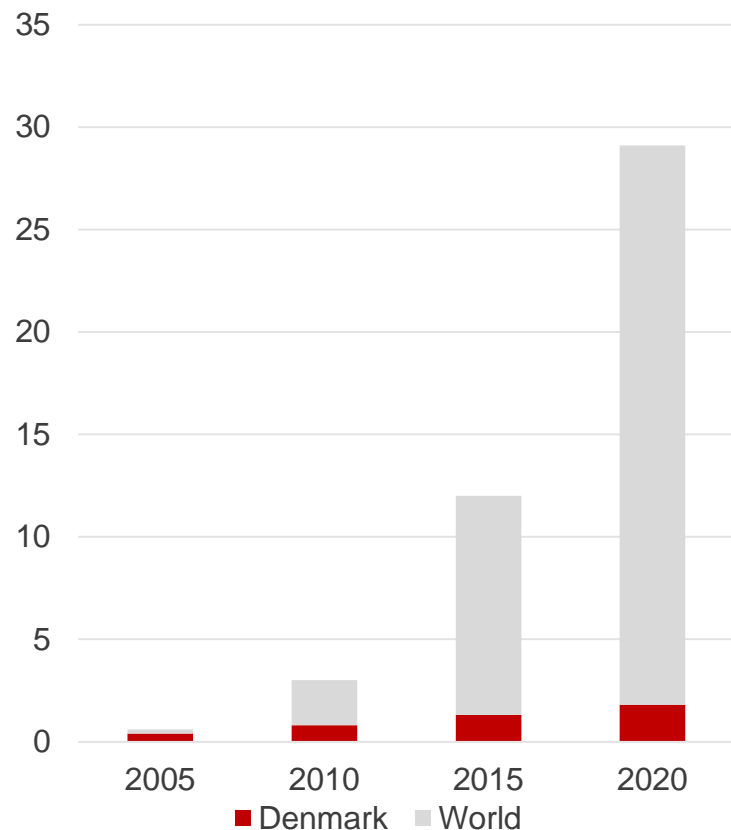
2019 Exports: 66.5 bn. DKK

31.000 Wind employees

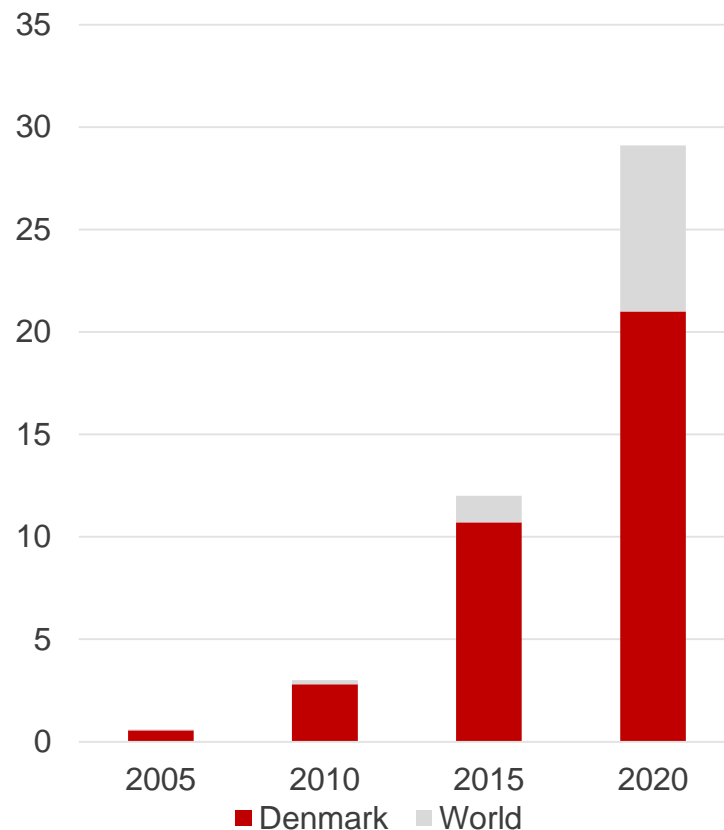
13 bn. DKK in tax revenue\*

\*WindDenmark numbers are both onshore and offshore

Cumulative OF Wind (GW)



GW Delivered by DK Roots\*



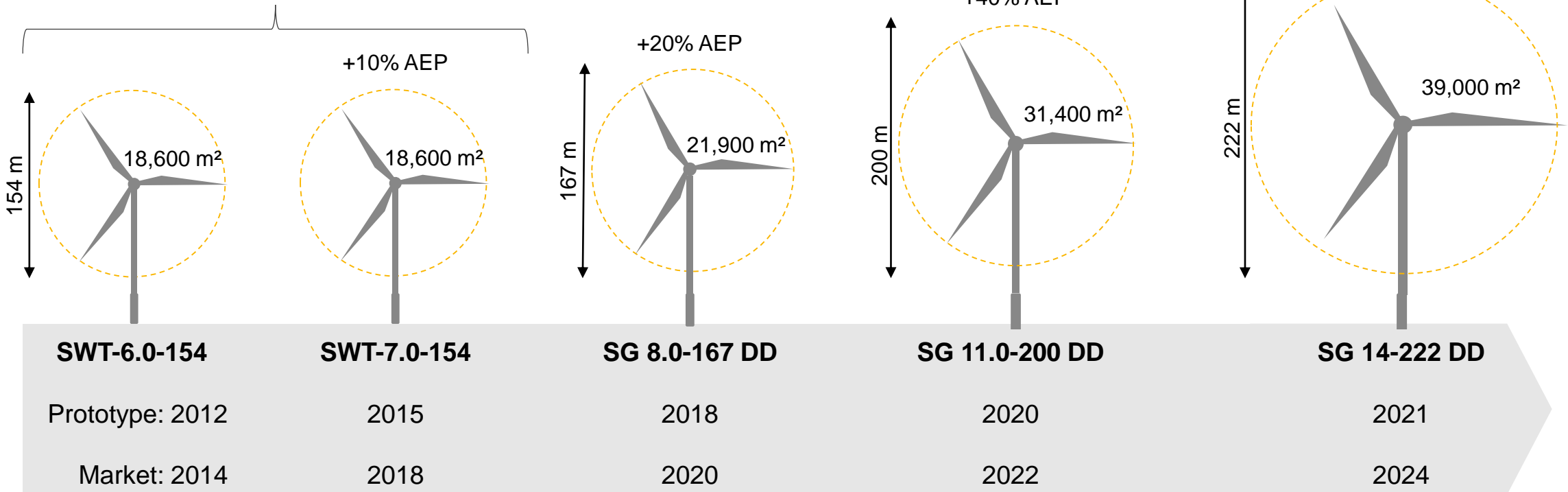
Source: WoodMackenzie: Offshore Project Database, 2019; GWEC OF Wind Report 2020, Mortensen, 2018 – DK Roots means Danish-based companies, Bonus, Siemens SGRE, Vestas, MHI-Vestas. Note: Wind Industry export and employment numbers are based on both onshore and offshore wind turbines.

# SGRE Offshore wind development of DD machines in the last 10 years show that technology can be scaled quickly when needed – We must scale offshore wind-to-hydrogen even faster.

SG 11 and SG14 to usher in first Subsidy-free wind farms.

Dec 2019: Milestone of 1000 DD Offshore turbines installed was reached.

>1100 turbines in pipeline



**Note:** For Comparison of size an international Soccer-field measures 6,400 m<sup>2</sup>, AEP = Annual Energy Production.



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*2021: Taking the action...*

**The Brande Hydrogen test site went from investment decision to first test-run in 10 months. The WTG is directly connected to the electrolyzer to be able to test island-mode operations**





# Brande Hydrogen Test site – Regulatory Test-Zone awarded 05.05.2021



STATE  
OF  
GREEN

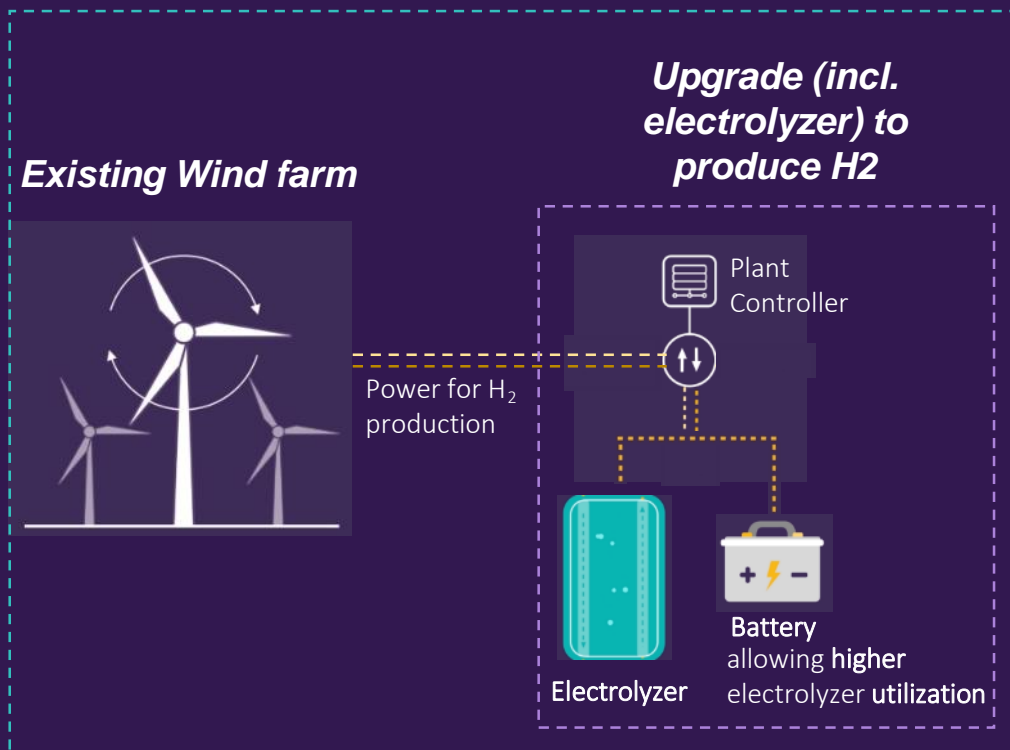


On 5 May 2021, the Danish Energy Agency has granted GreenLab and Siemens Gamesa's Brande Hydrogen project status as official regulatory test zones.

## SGRE already taking significant steps in shaping the industry: Brownfield Concept

*Renewable H2 Upgrade product integrates an electrolyzer into an existing Wind farm...*

### Product concept description



*... providing sound benefits to existing assets*

### Benefits

- 1** Adds a **new value stream** by enabling the generation of **green Hydrogen**
- 2** **Increases the value of Wind power** by using it **before** it goes to grid
- 3** Makes the plant **flexible**, allowing the assets to contribute even more to the energy transition

### Pilot project

Brande (DK) demonstrator:

**3MW onshore turbine**  
**400kW electrolyzer**

H<sub>2</sub> output to be used **to be used in mobility sector**





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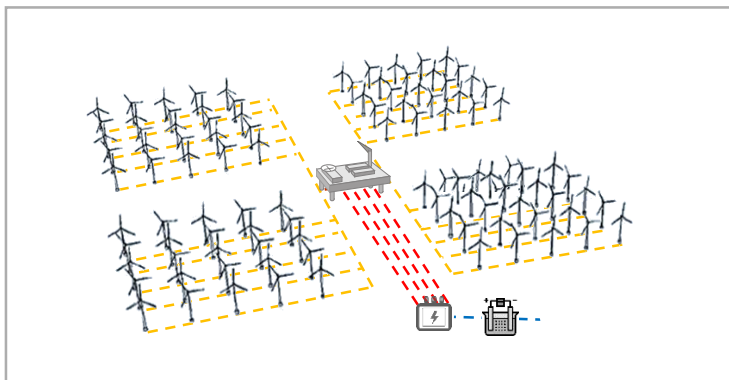
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- Denmark and Offshore Wind
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- **Next steps to scale Wind-to-Hydrogen systems**

*2021: Taking the action...*

# Offshore wind is key to get the scale needed - The three ways to go from electron to molecule

## Scenario I: Offshore kWh plant (as-is)



**Berlingske**



25.09.2019

Ørsted foreslår kæmpe vindmøllepark ud for Bornholm

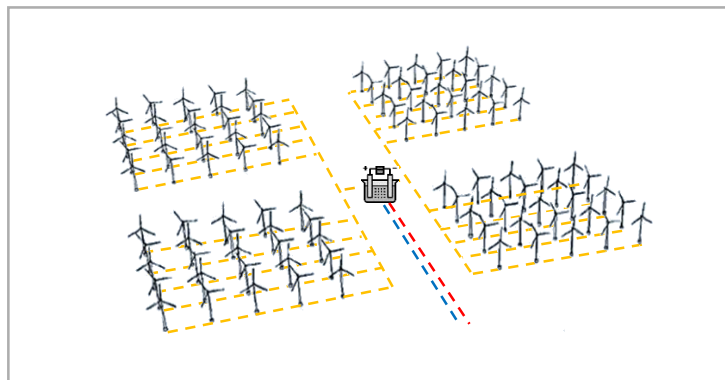
**Berlingske**



19.08.2020

Gigantisk brintfabrik i København rykker tættere på første spadestik: Søger kæmpe beløb hos statsfond

## Scenario II: Offshore H<sub>2</sub> plant

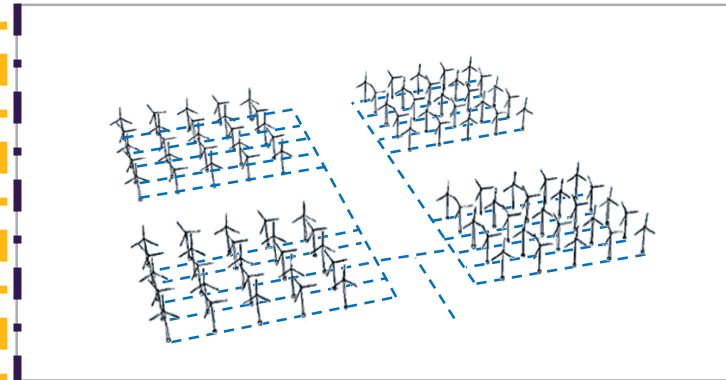


BYENS  
**Ejendom**  
Videnscenter for Byudvikling

05.06.2020

PFA, PensionDanmark og SEAS-NVE vil bygge 250.000 kvm ø med beton-sænkekasser

## Scenario III: Decentralised H<sub>2</sub>



**RECHARGE**  
Global news and intelligence for the Energy Transition

08.09.2020

Siemens Gamesa wind turbine pilot targets 'cheapest green hydrogen'

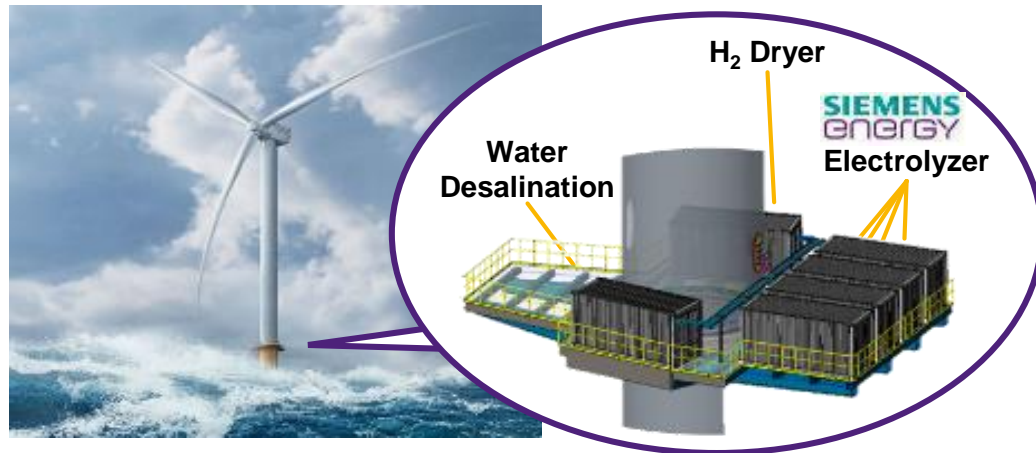
Flexibility

Cost Parity

--- kWh – 66KV    - - - kWh – 220KV    - - - H<sub>2</sub> – Hydrogen (Pipeline incl. auxiliary power)

# SGRE already taking significant steps in shaping the industry: Decentralized offshore solution

## Offshore decentralized solution description



**SIEMENS Gamesa**  
RENEWABLE ENERGY

Wind turbine

**Modified WTG** to produce H<sub>2</sub>  
at turbine level

**SIEMENS**  
energy

Electrolyzer

**Plug & play containerized  
solution** on a platform  
located at sea level

## Advantages taking us to Cost-Parity



• High utilization of off-grid electrolyzer



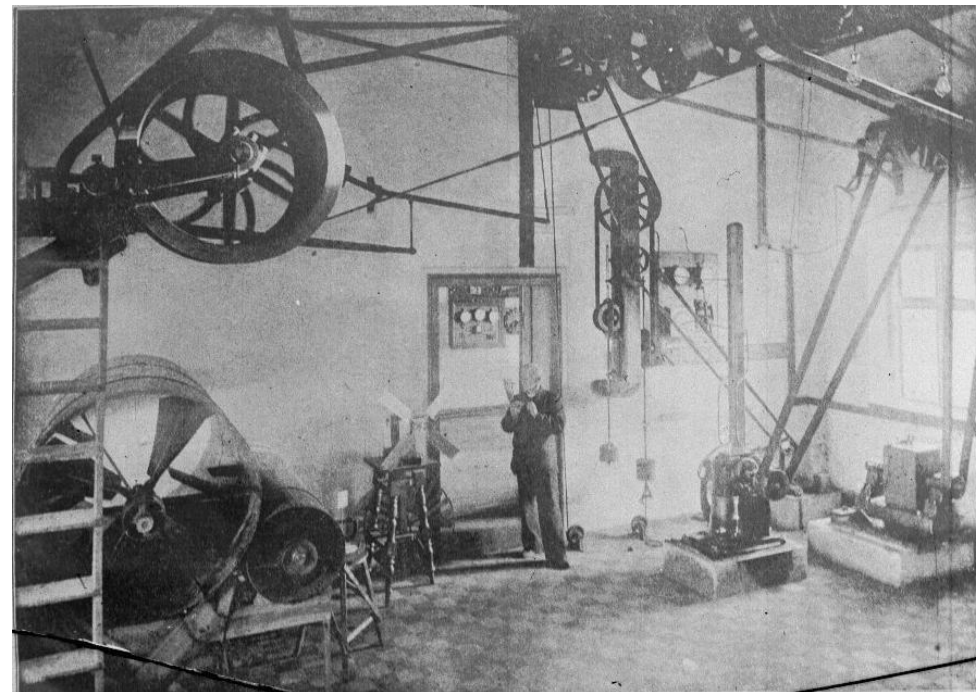
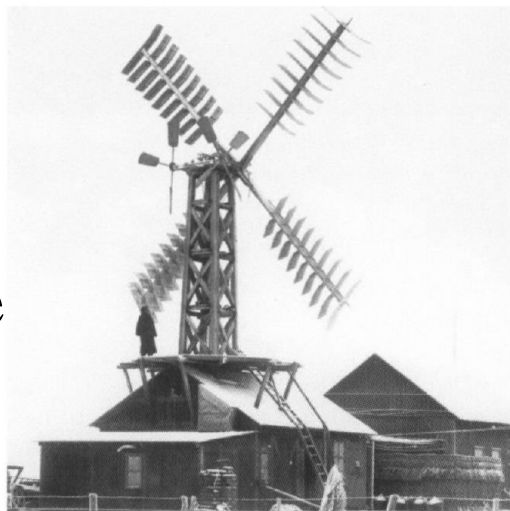
• Electrical CAPEX savings



• Cost-out through modularity in scale

**Poul La Cour's first test turbine in 1891 became a hydrogen production unit already in 1894.**

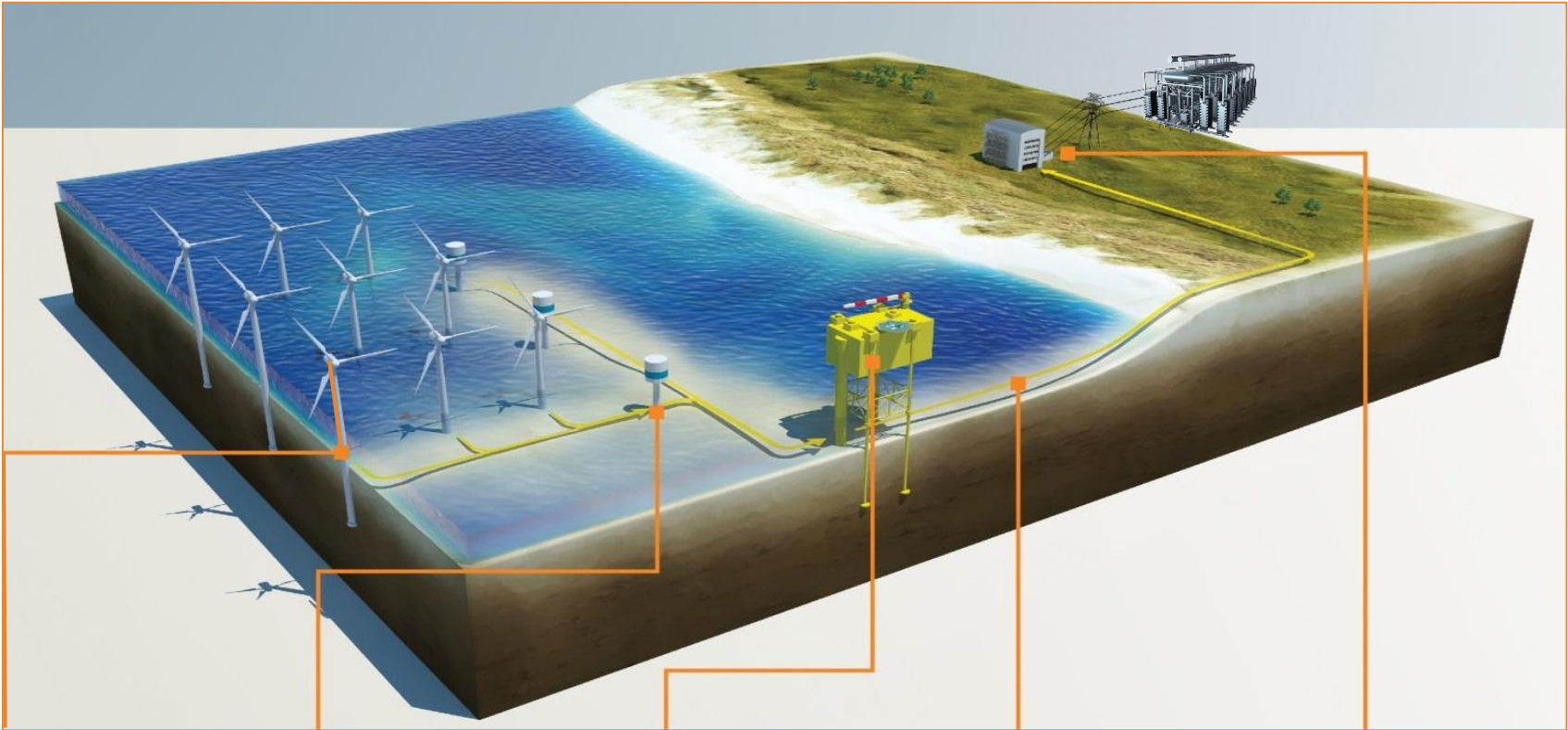
Poul La Cour's 1891 test turbine was in 1894 connected to an Electrolyzer array from the Italian inventor Pompeo Garuti. The turbine would pull a dynamo which powered water separation in 10 electrolysis chambers in the basement.



Picture: Steffen M. Søndergaard, 2002: Poul la Cours forsøgsmolle og mølleforsøgene i Askov, p. 35 & Poul La Cour Museet Introduktion, 2012, p. 6 & 18.

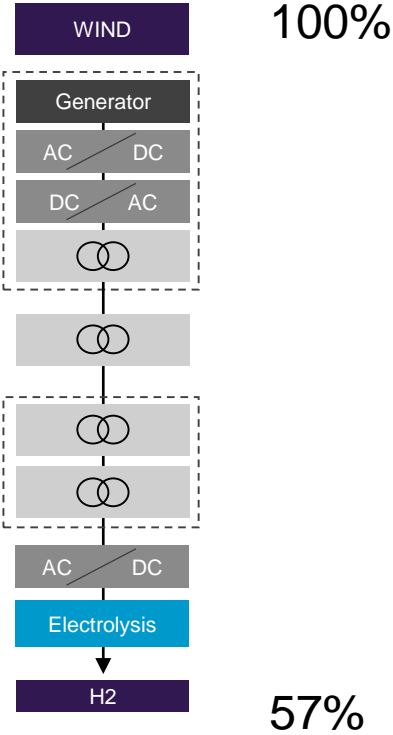


# 120 years later we have achieved scale of our wind resources by going offshore...

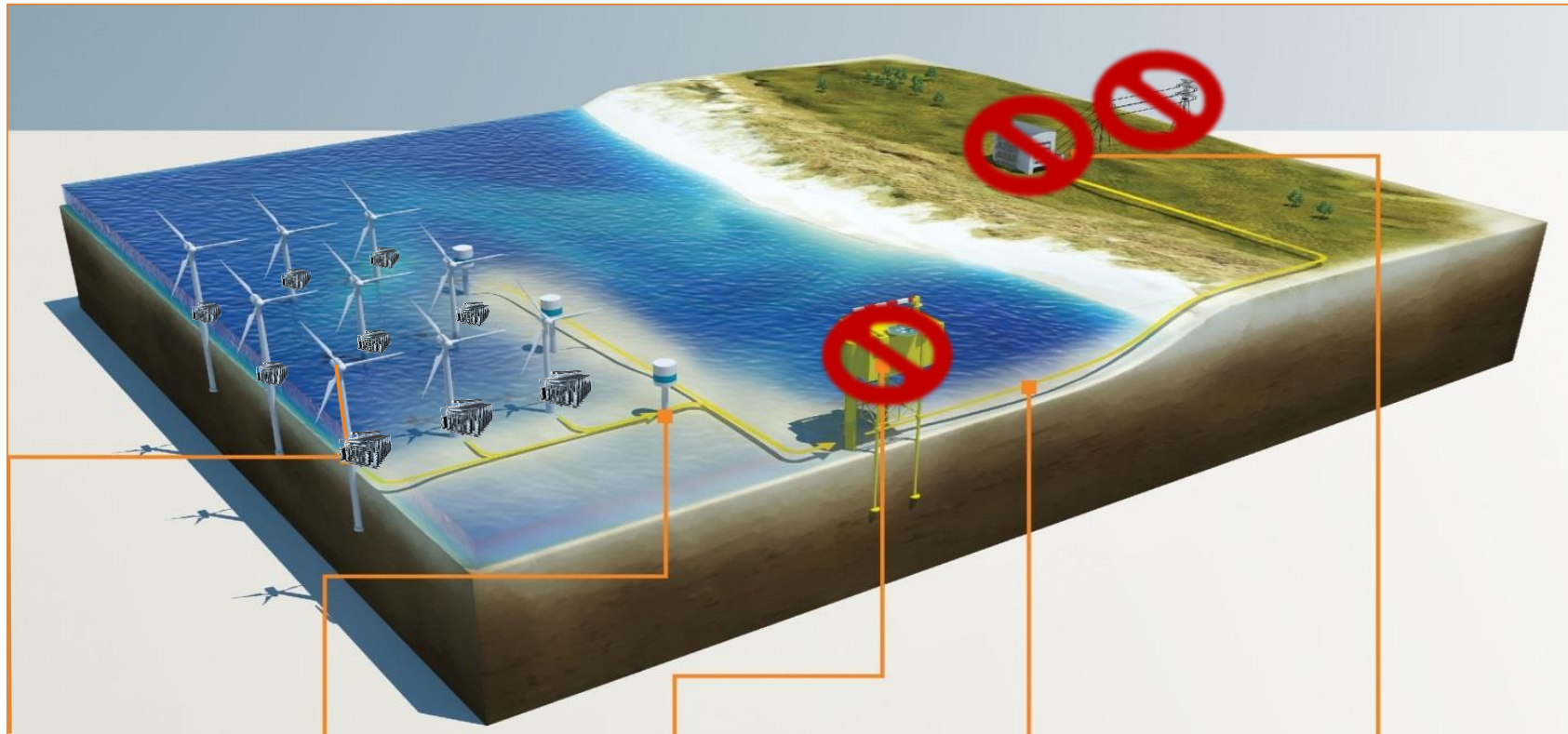


WTG Transformer steps    Array Cables    OF Substation    Export Cable    ON Substation & Grid

### Conventional WTG to Hydrogen



**Our concept follows the original logic – Move conversion as close to the source as possible. This lowers conversion losses, minimizes the disturbance to wildlife and people.**



WTG Transformer steps

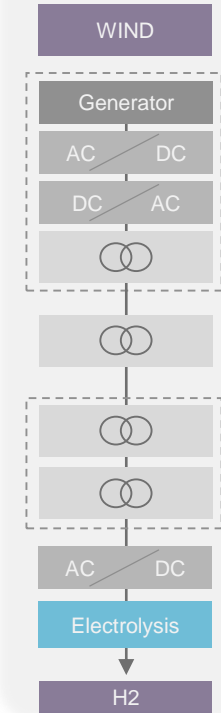
~~Array Cables~~  
Pipes

~~OF Substation~~

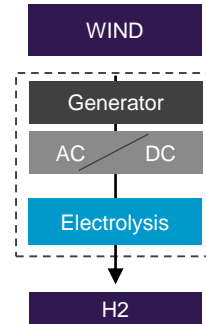
~~Export Cable~~  
Pipe

~~ON Substation & Grid~~

**Conventional WTG to Hydrogen**



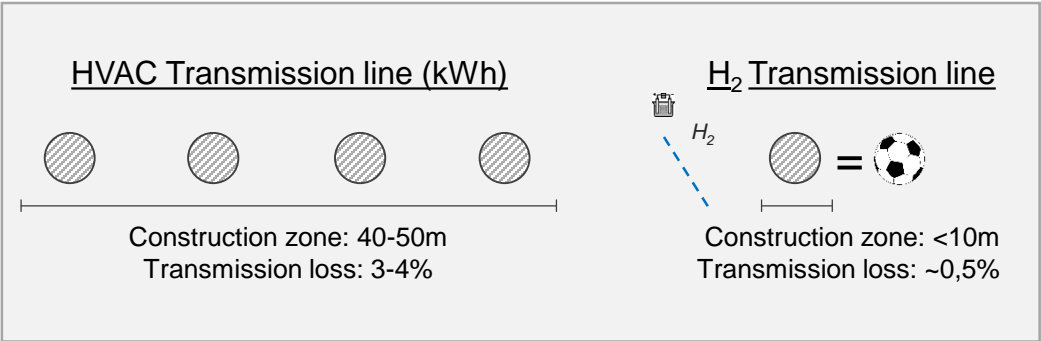
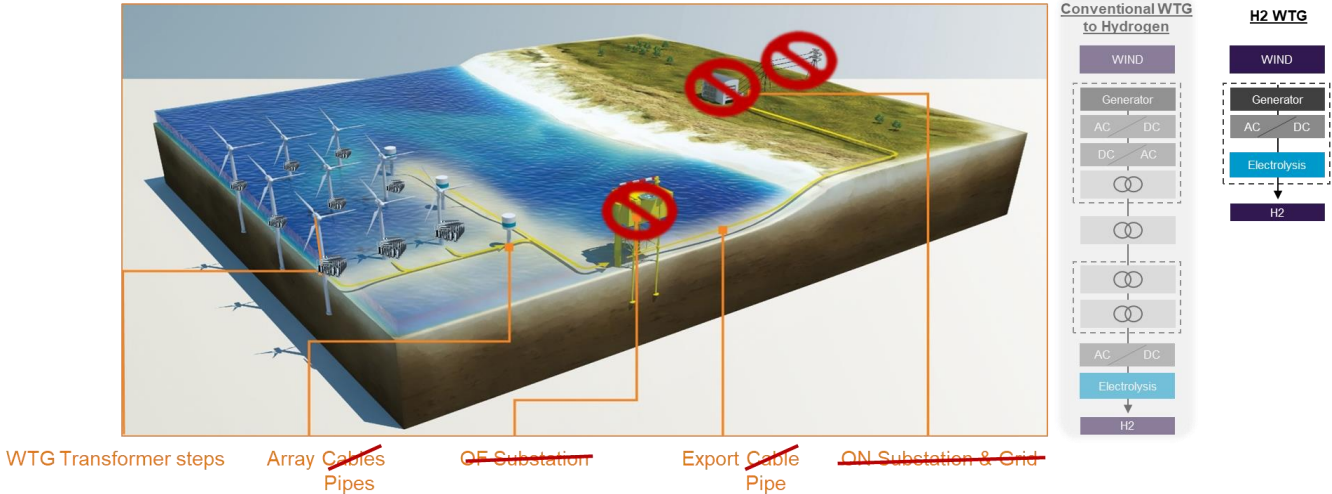
**H2 WTG**



**Our concept follows the original logic – Move conversion as close to the source as possible.**

**Advantages of moving to Pipes**

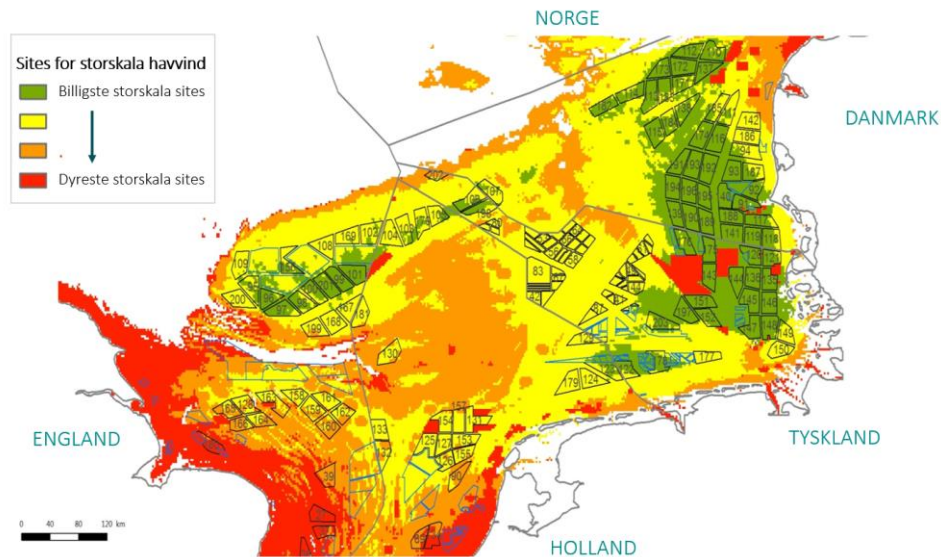
- Lower Conversion losses
- Eliminates overhead cables
- Minimizes disturbance to wildlife



**Denmark has ~40 GW of attractive offshore wind sites, but currently only electrical capacity for 4-6 GW more on the grid – Western municipalities are already above 100% RE share.**

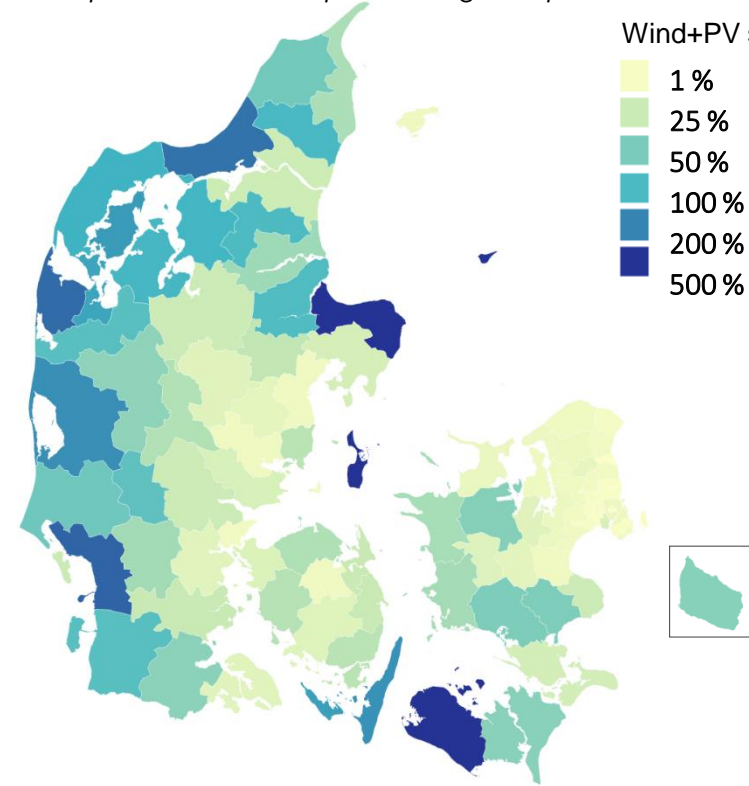
ENERGINET

## DANMARKS ATTRAKTIVE HAVVINDRESSOURCE



## Wind+PV share at municipality level in Denmark (2017)

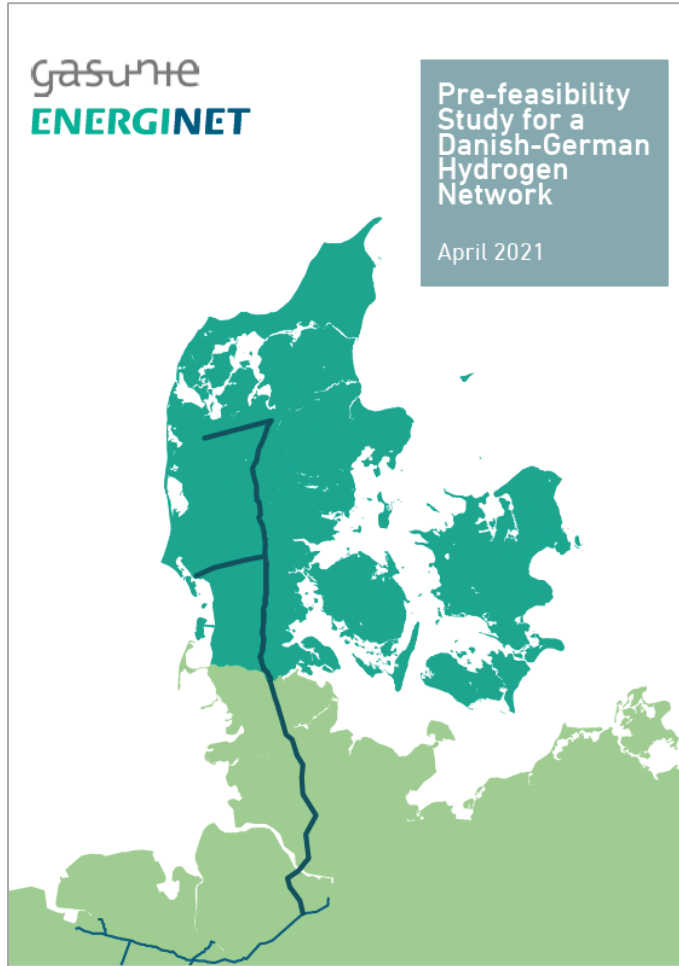
*VRE production compared to gross power consumption*



22. august 2019 17



## Denmark and Germany should establish a joint-hydrogen infrastructure in the next 10 years



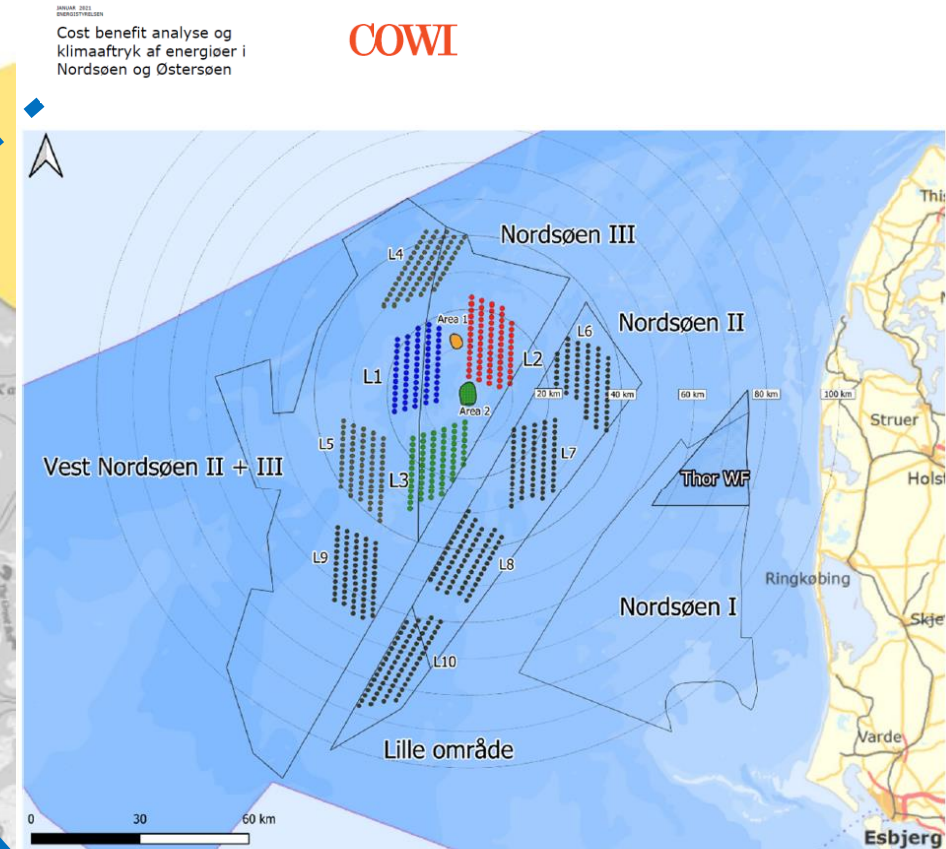
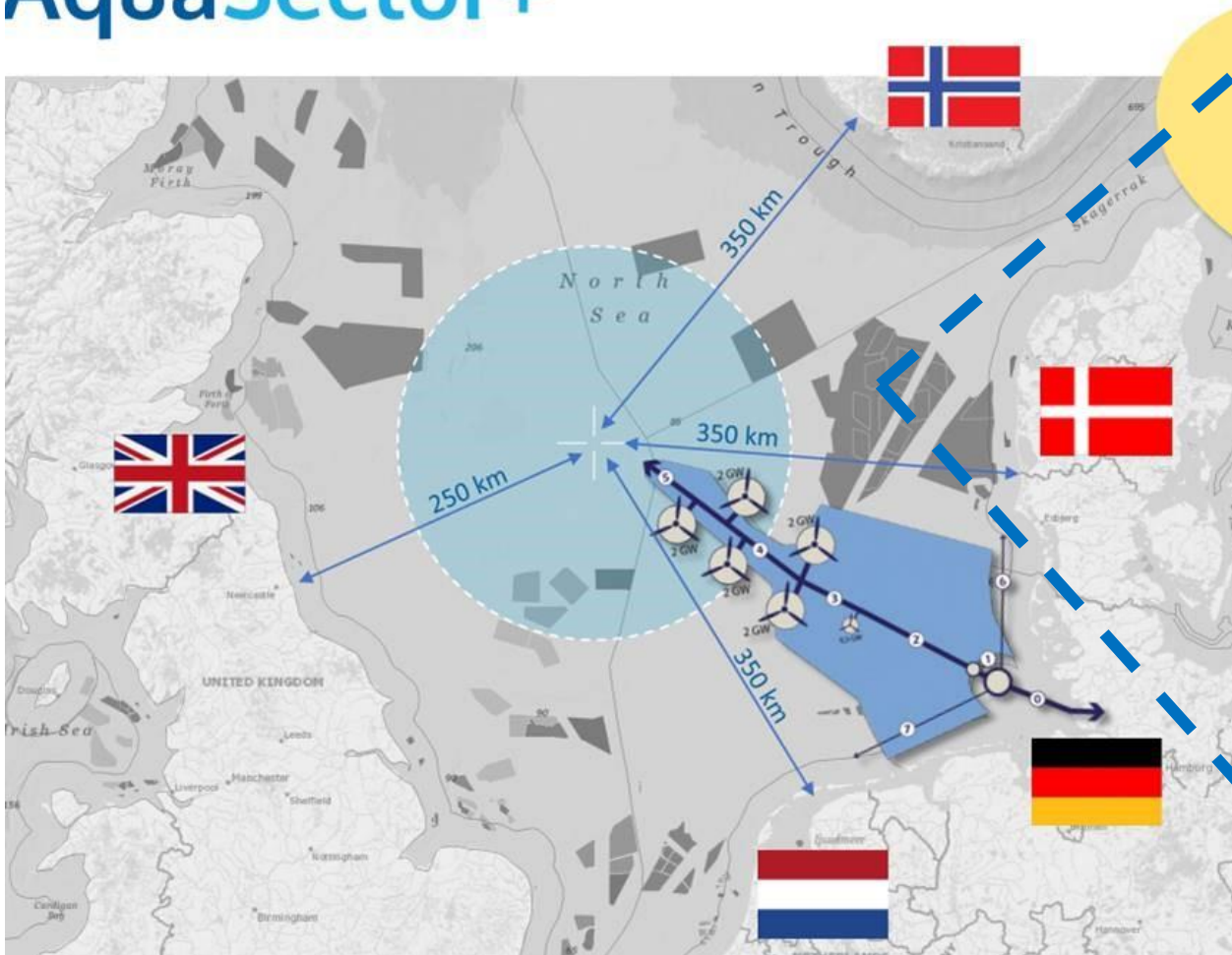
*“From a cost perspective, we find that a transport corridor between Denmark and Germany can be realized rather quickly...*

*However, from a financing perspective, clear market signals and regulation will need to be in place before it is possible to move forward and make final investment decisions.”*

Source: Gasunie, Energinet: Pre-feasibility study, 2021 p. 35.

# The AquaSector + placement fits well with the planned Energy Island.

## AquaSector+



Figur 6-1 Placering af ti vindmølleparker og energiø i Nordsøen (Area 2).

## Conclusion: Offshore wind coupled to hydrogen can deliver the scale needed to decarbonize 'hard-to-abate sectors' such as shipping, aviation and steel manufacturing

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- The EU is a leader in offshore wind, because of the first large projects.
- As with offshore innovation, visibility of H2 project pipeline is key.
- 2030: Infrastructure and GW-scale sites for hydrogen production is needed.
- We again have the opportunity to set the global standard – **Let's seize it!**





A Siemens Gamesa wind turbine is shown from a low angle, positioned in the center-right of the frame. The turbine's nacelle and parts of its three blades are visible. The nacelle has the 'SIEMENS Gamesa' logo in green and black. The background features a vast ocean with a sunset or sunrise, where the sun is low on the horizon, creating a golden glow and reflecting on the water's surface. The sky is a mix of purple, blue, and orange. The overall scene is serene and emphasizes renewable energy.

**Thank you.**

**Questions?**