



Municipality of **Køge** 





AALBORG UNIVERSITY DENMARK

# KOHESYS

#### COMBINED DISTRICT HEATING AND COOLING – WHICH SOLUTIONS ARE AVAILABLE AND ARE THEY APPLICABLE IN A DANISH CONTEXT?

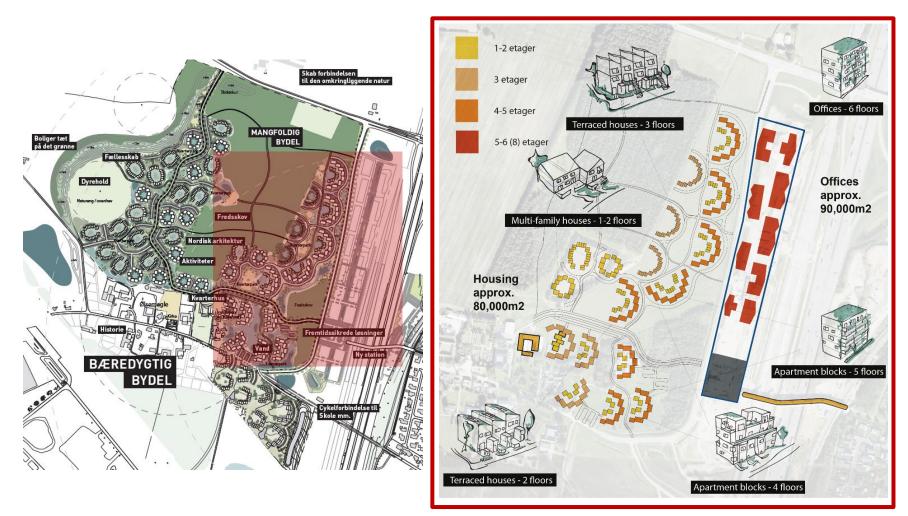


7<sup>th</sup> International Conference on Smart Energy Systems - Copenhagen Sept. 2021





#### New built area in Køge Nord

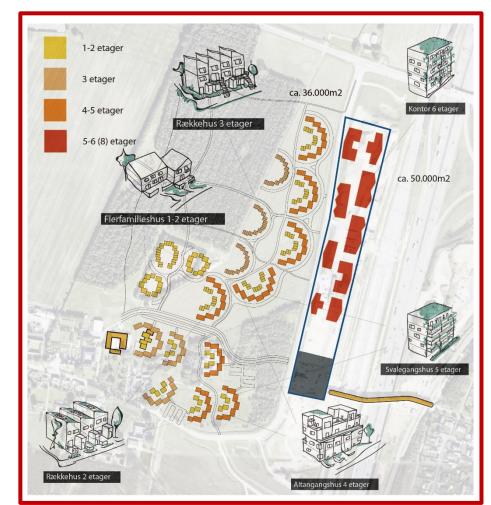


Illustrations from and based on masterplan by COBE [COBE - Køge Nord Masterplanrevision – 2019]



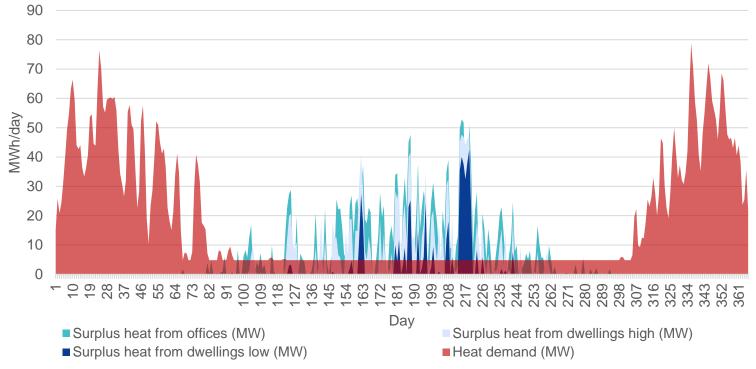
## **Boundary conditions**

- Surplus heat at around 15 °C
- Surplus heat from datacentre at around 30-35 °C
- Close by existing district heating network (area planned for district heating supply)
- Drinking water sensitive area → no ATES or BTES





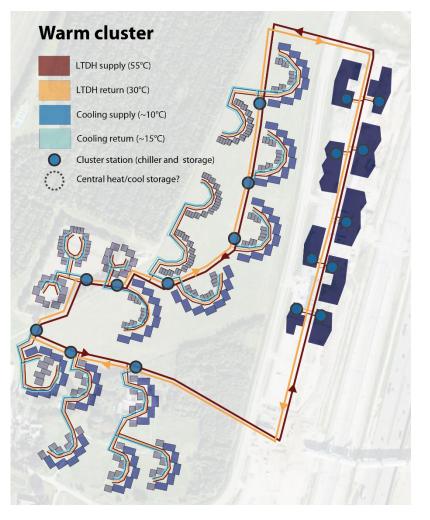
### Cooling vs. Heating demand PRELIMINARY



Annual energy demands in kWh/m <sup>2</sup> per year							
Space Heating	Domestic hot water housing	Domestic hot water offices	Cooling dwellings low	Cooling dwellings high	Cooling offices		
28.5	16.3	5	4.9	14.1	18.4		

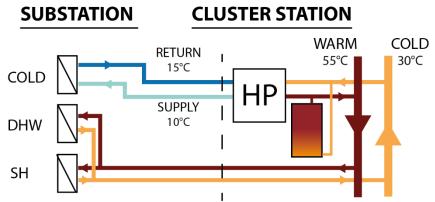


#### Scenario 1



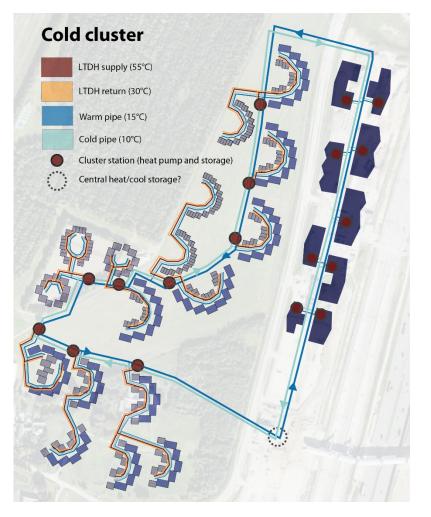
Heating direct – cooling through central chiller (Existing district heating as source)

- + Simple direct heat supply
- + Optimized cooling network
- ÷ Electricity consumption in heat pump
- ÷ Too much surplus heat & no long term storage



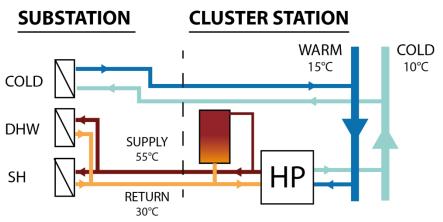


### Scenario 2



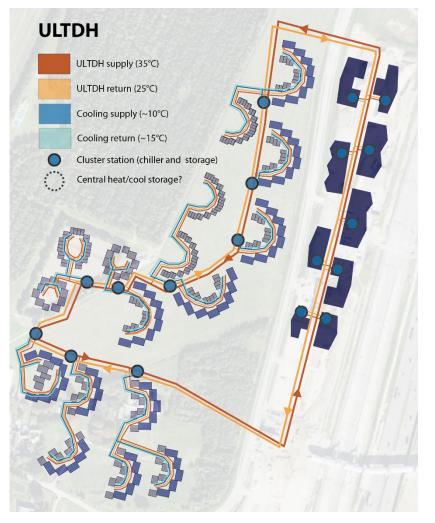
Cooling direct – heating through central heat pump (Surplus heat at 15 °C as source)

- + Make use of surplus heat source
- + Reduced heat loss from network
- $\div$  Dependent on surplus heat temperature  $\rightarrow$  need for central chiller to provide cooling?
- ÷ Too much surplus heat & no ATES or BTES
- + Small deltaT in network?



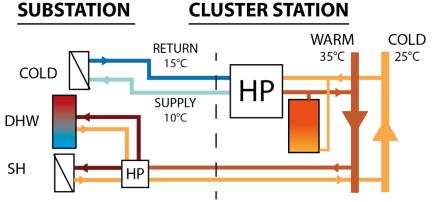


#### Scenario 3



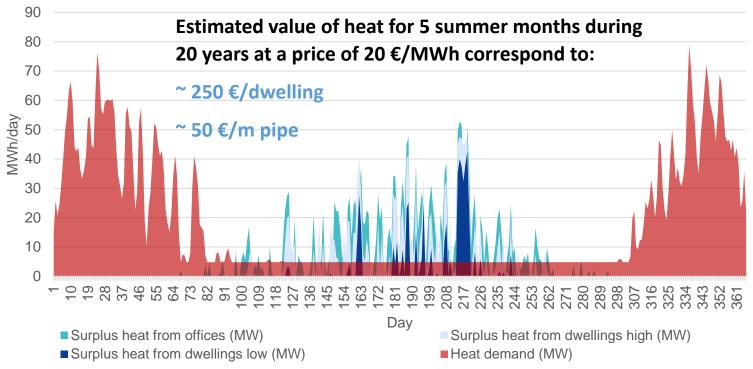
**Cooling through central chiller – heating through heat pump** (Surplus heat at 35°C as source)

- + Make use of surplus heat source
- + Reduced heat loss from network
- Need for heat pump for heating and air conditioner for cooling (double equipment)
- ÷ Small delta T between sink and source can be difficult?





### Surplus heat from cooling vs. Heat demand PRELIMINARY



Annual energy demands in kWh/m <sup>2</sup> per year							
Space Heating	Domestic hot water housing	Domestic hot water offices	Cooling dwellings low	Cooling dwellings high	Cooling offices		
28.5	16.3	5	4.9	14.1	18.4		



### Summary

- Available heat sources and boundary conditions are definable for the possible scenarios
- Cooling as a separate service not only a source of surplus heat (is this reasonable?)
- ATES or BTES can have a central function for combined heating and cooling



#### MORE RESULTS LATER THIS YEAR AT WWW.KOHESYS.DK

