

**4DH**4th Generation District Heating
Technologies and Systems

3RD INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON
SMART ENERGY SYSTEMS AND
4TH GENERATION DISTRICT HEATING

The Influence of Participation in Ancillary Service Markets on Optimal Energy Hub Operation

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Co-authors: Dr. Andrew BOLLINGER, Conor O' MALLEY, Prof. Gabriela HUG

Copenhagen, 12.09.2017

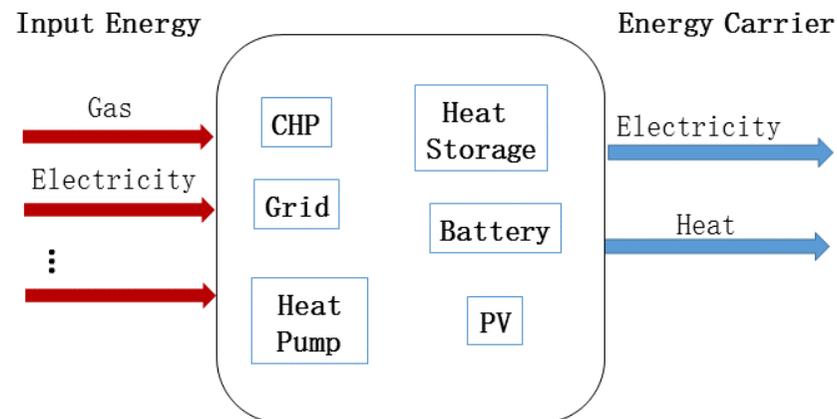
Outline

- Introduction – Energy Hubs, Ancillary Services and Goal
- Model – Assumptions and Objective Function
- Evaluation – Assessment of Stochastic Modelling
- Case Studies – Parameter Sensitivity Analysis
- Conclusion
- Outlook



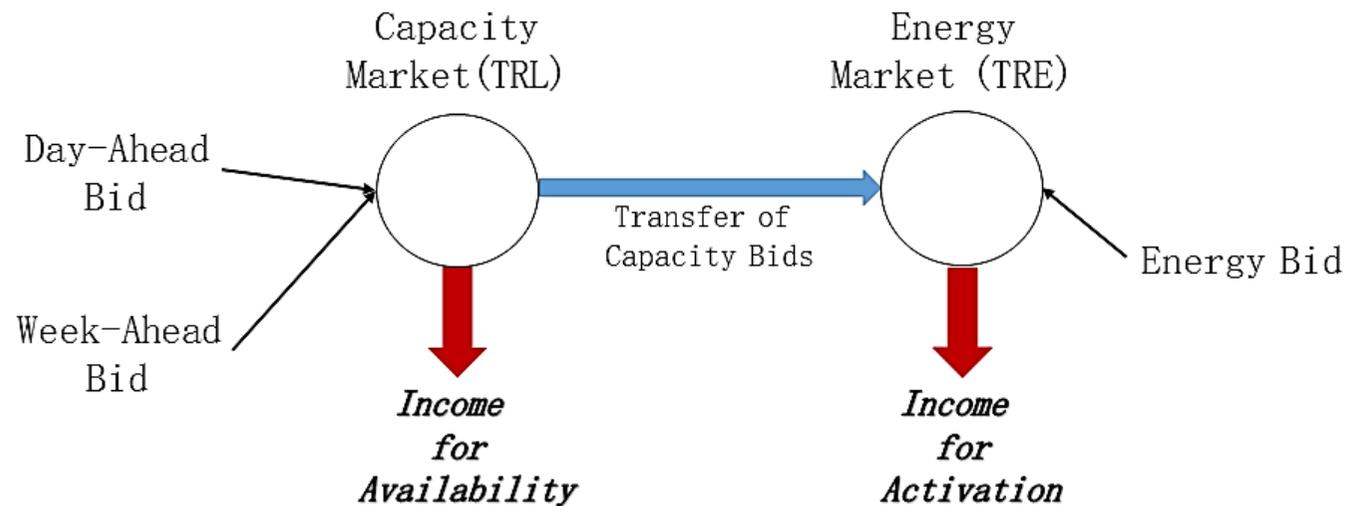
Introduction – Energy Hubs (EH)

- Conceptual approach to describe District Multi Energy Systems (DMES)



Introduction – Ancillary Services (AS)

□ Tertiary Control Reserve



Source: *Survey on Ancillary Services Procurement, Balancing Market Design 2015, ENTSO-E, 2016*

Introduction – Goal

- Model development to include AS in the EH modelling tool
- Model development that determines the optimal bidding strategy
- Investigation of important parameters that affect the EH operation
- Investigation of possible profitable scenarios under AS participation



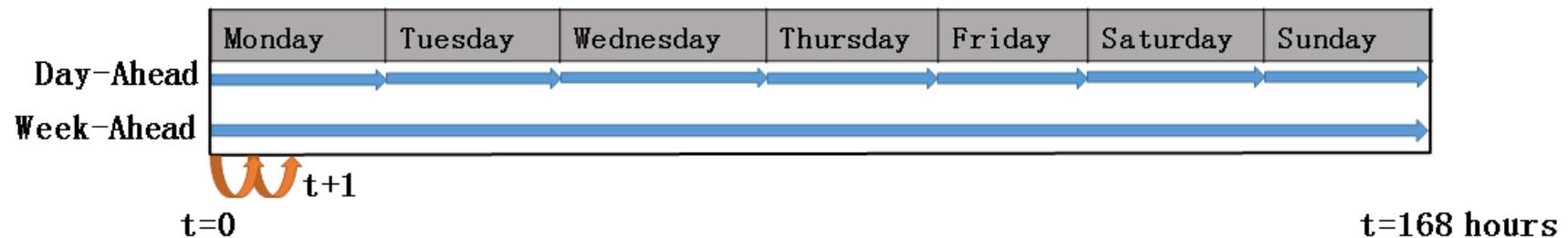
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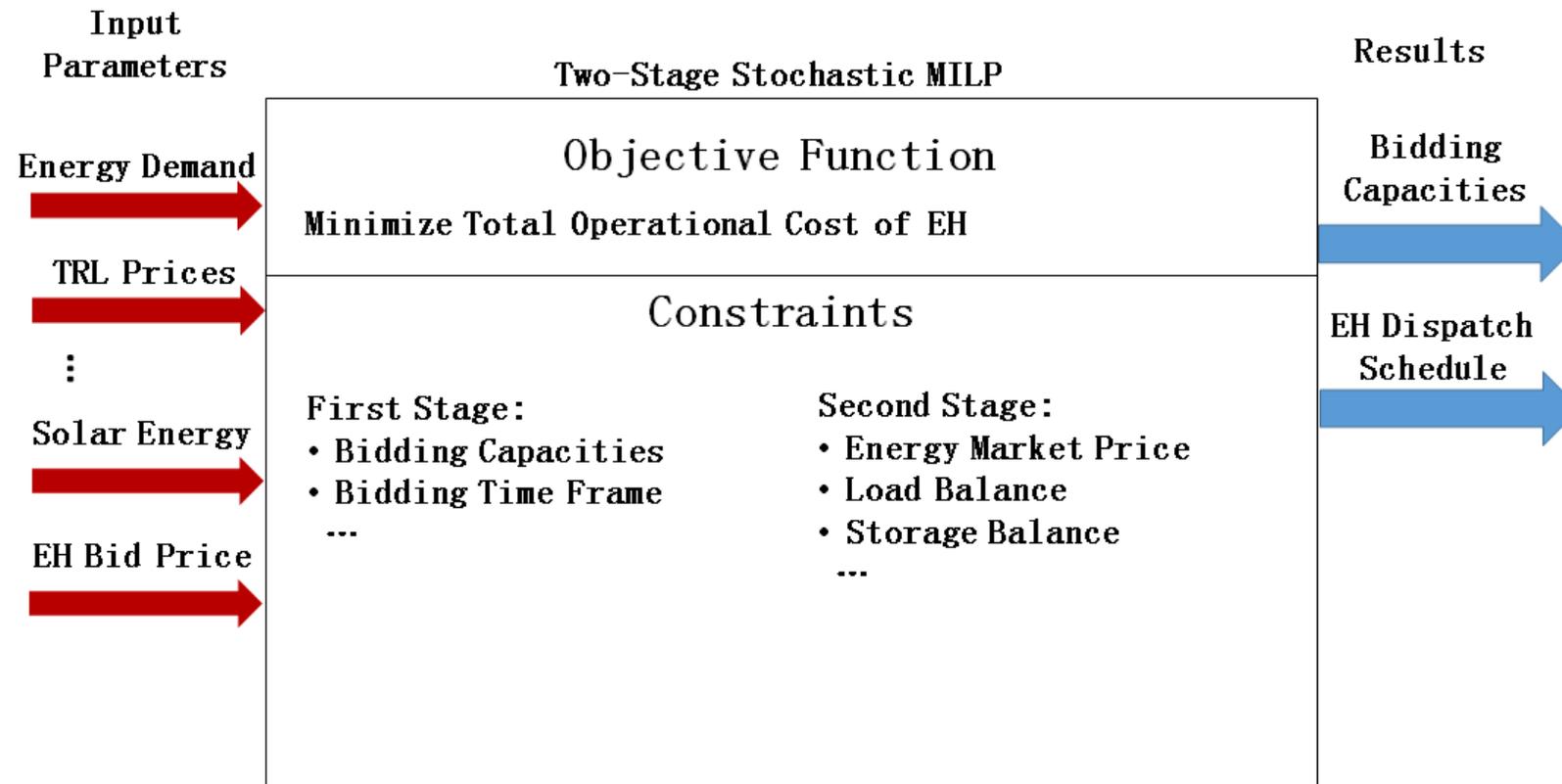


Model – Products and Time Frame

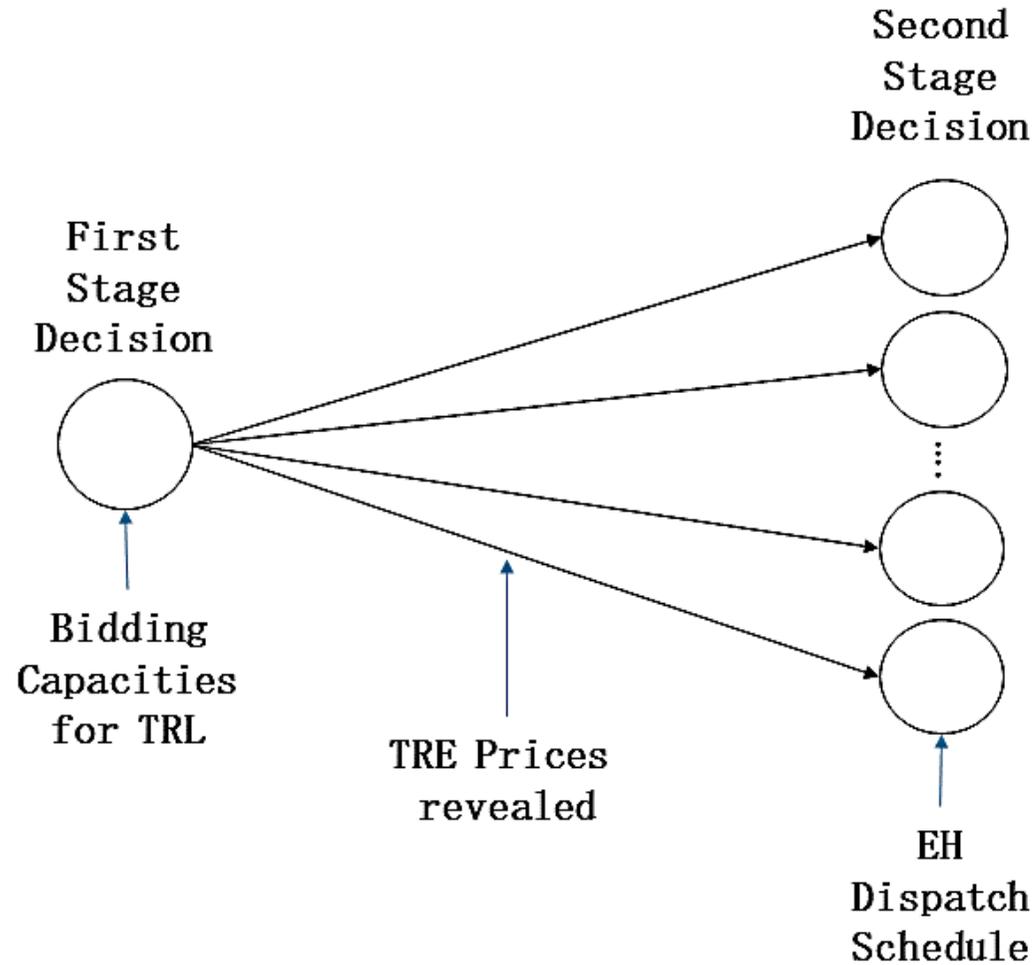
- Positive and Negative TRL
- Week-ahead and Day-ahead products
- Optimization horizon: 1 week
- Simulation horizon: 1 year



Model – MILP



Model – Two-Stage Stochastic MILP



Model – Objective Function (Total Cost)

First Stage

$$\underbrace{- \frac{\sum_t^T \sum_j^J \sum_k^K \tilde{c}_t^{j,k} p_t^{j,k}}{\Delta T^j}}_{\text{Price for Availability}} + \underbrace{\sum_t^T \sum_x^X h_{t,i,x}}_{\text{Input Energy}} * \underbrace{(\kappa_i^o + \kappa_i^m C_{x,i})}_{\text{O\&M Cost Coefficients}}$$

EH Conversion Coefficient

Income for Availability Grid Input Energy Cost

Nomenclature	
<i>i</i>	Conversion Technologies
<i>j</i>	Week or Day Ahead
<i>k</i>	Positive or Negative
<i>t</i>	Time
<i>x</i>	Energy Carrier

Model – Objective Function (Total Cost)

Second Stage

$$\frac{1}{S} \sum_s \left(\sum_i \sum_t \sum_x (\kappa_i^o + \kappa_i^m C_{x,i}) h_{t,i,x,s} - \sum_t \sum_j \tilde{c}^{j,k} \alpha_{t,s}^{j,k} p_t^{j,k} \right)$$

Price for Energy
Binary Activation Variable

Cost of Operation

Income from
Activation

Nomenclature	
i	Conversion Technologies
j	Week or Day Ahead
k	Positive or Negative
t	Time
x	Energy Carrier
s	Scenarios

Outline

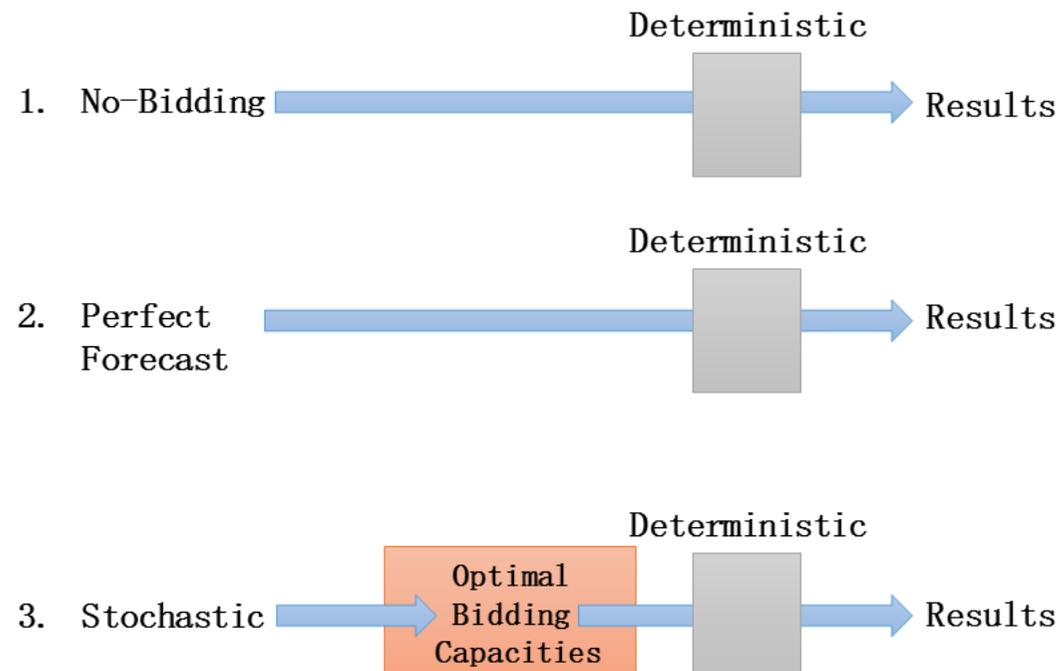
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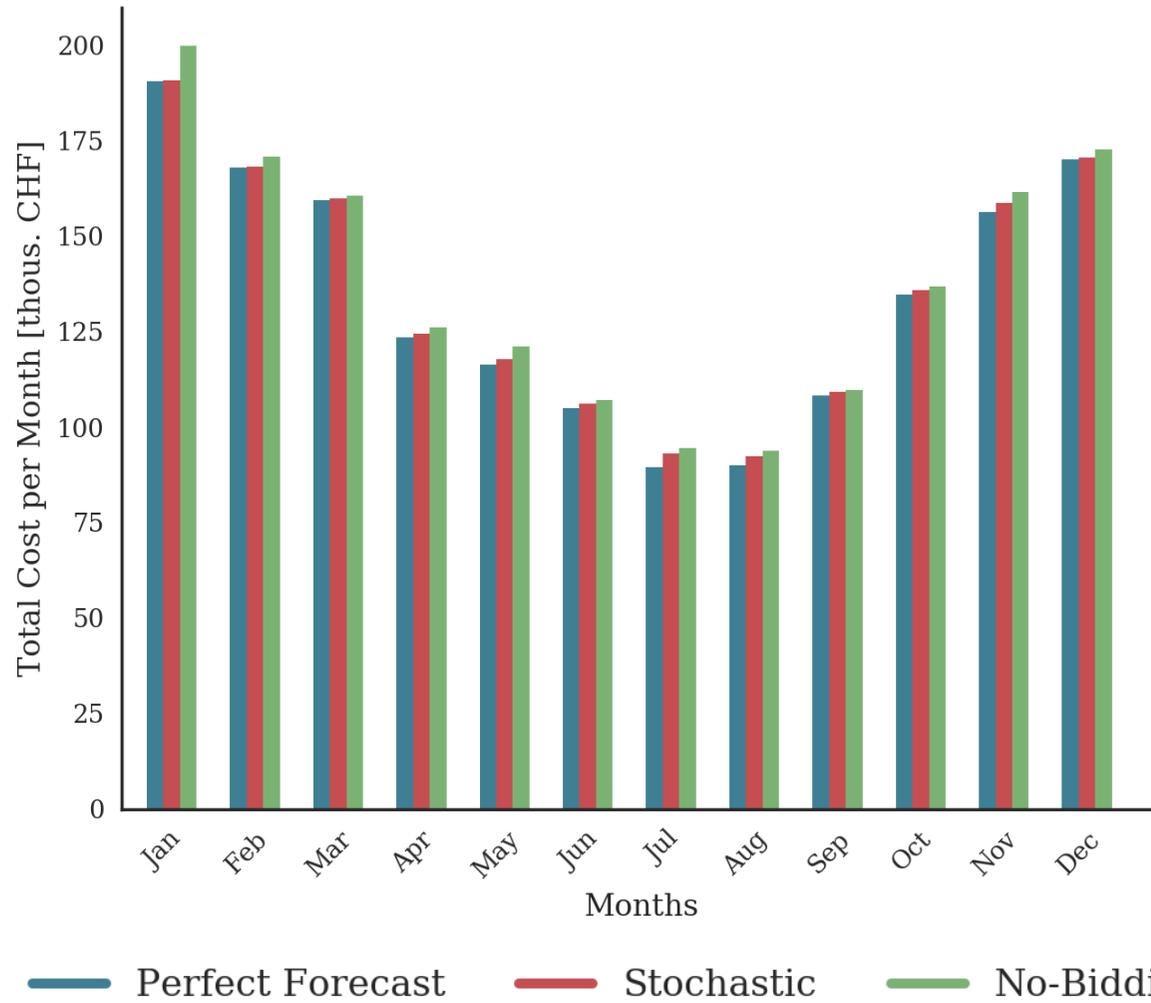
Evaluation – Base Case Comparison

□ Definition of Base Case

□ Comparison of three different versions of Base Case:



Evaluation – Total Cost



Total Cost [thous. CHF]	
Perfect Forecast	1,612
Stochastic	1,627
No-Bidding	1,655



Outline

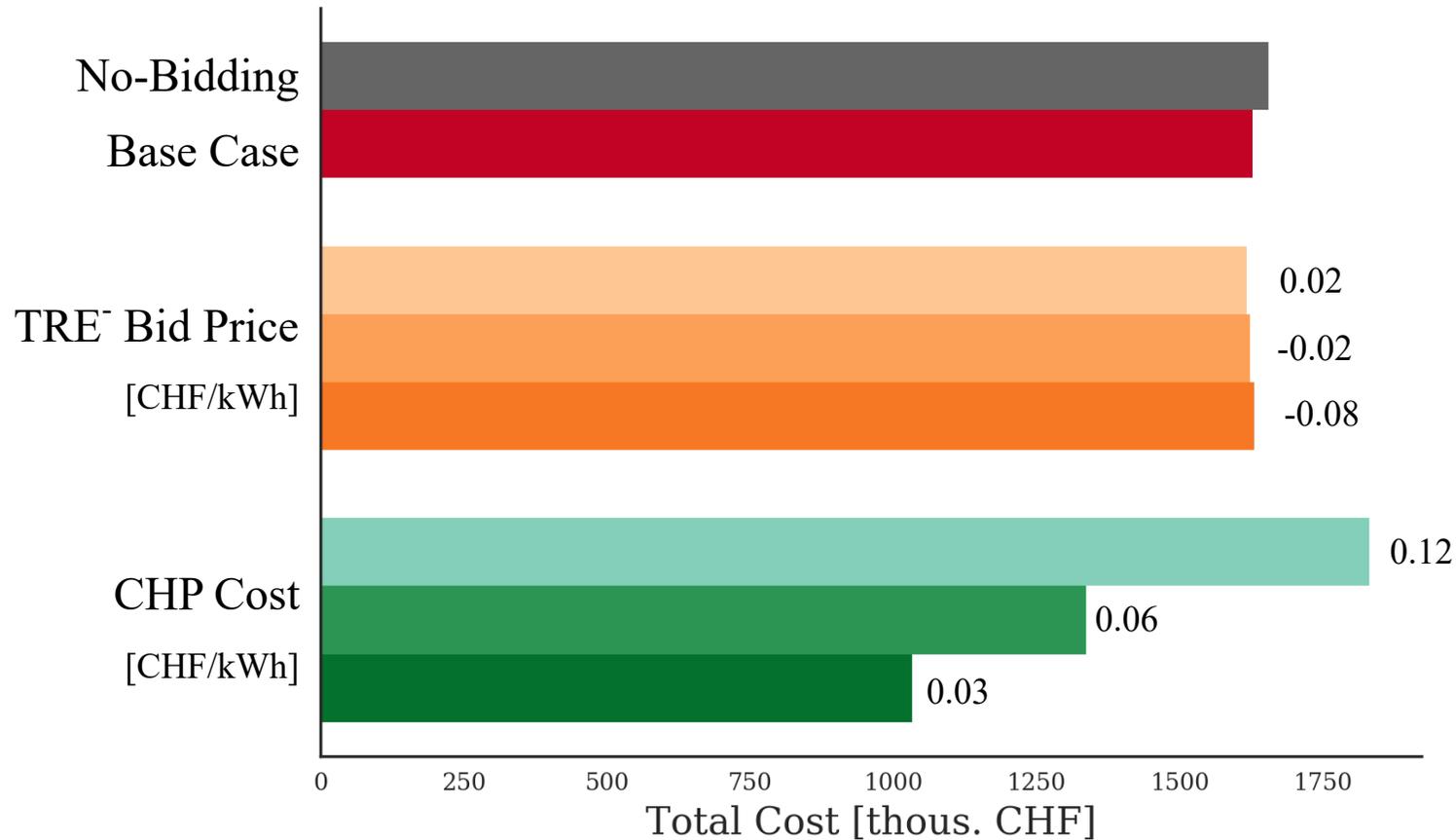
- Introduction – Energy Hubs, Ancillary Services and Goal
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Case Studies – Parameter Sensitivity Analysis

Case	Modified Parameter	New Value	Base Case Value	Unit
1		0.03		
2	CHP Operating Cost	0.06	0.09	CHF/kWh
3		0.12		
4		-0.08		
5	TRE- Bid Price	-0.02	0.08	CHF/kWh
6		0.02		

Case Studies – Total Cost



Outline

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Conclusion

- ❑ Model is capable of determining the optimal bidding strategy of the EH
- ❑ Modeling evaluation shows that the uncertainty is captured well
- ❑ Case Studies show Parameter Sensitivity
- ❑ Small Margin for Profit



Outlook

- Model is extendable to include Primary, Secondary Control Reserve and Control Pooling
- Design Optimization
- Capacity Market Uncertainty



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Thank you for your attention!

Model (4/7) – Assumptions

- Capacity bid always accepted
- All bidding decisions at the beginning of the week
- No minimum bid size considered
- Energy provision every hour
- Perfect knowledge of EH demand and solar energy input



Model (7/7) – Uncertainty

□ Time series of the TRE prices

$$c_{1,s}^{m,pos} \dots c_{T,s}^{m,pos}, \quad c_{1,s}^{m,neg} \dots c_{T,s}^{m,neg}$$

□ Scenario generation

- Decorrelation technique
- ARIMA model

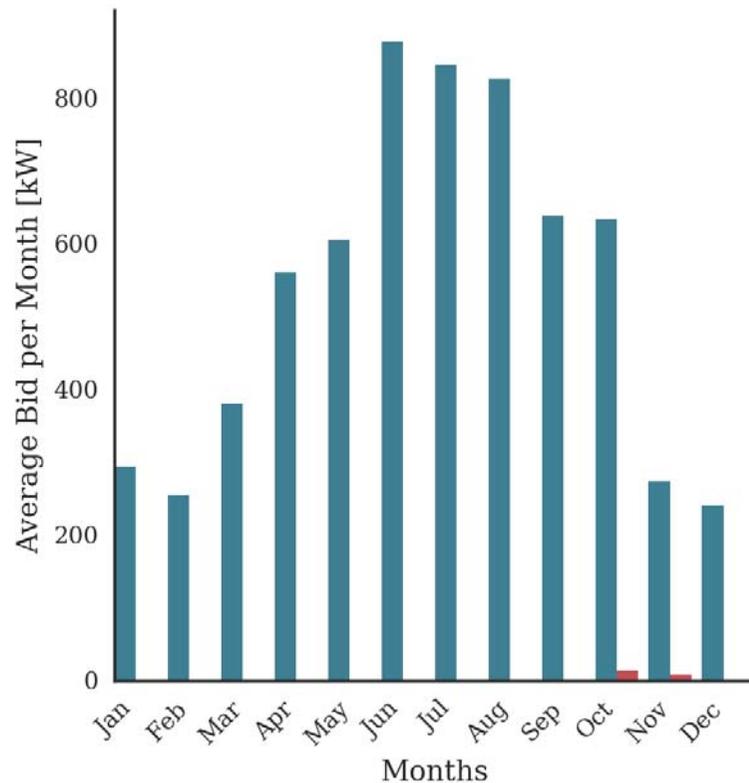
Nomenclature

$c_{t,s}^{m,pos}$	TRE+ Market Scenario Price
$c_{t,s}^{m,neg}$	TRE- Market Scenario Price

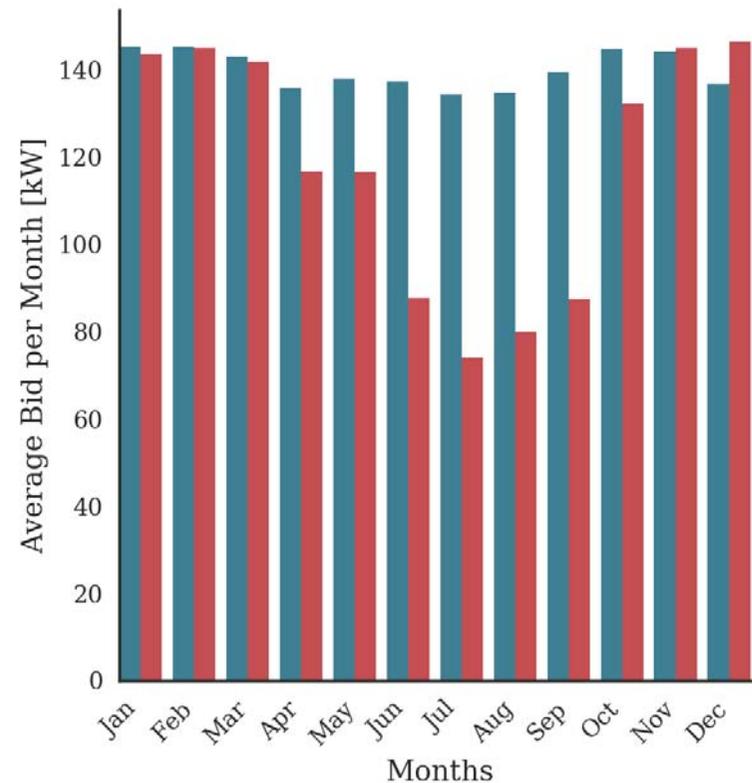


Evaluation – Day-Ahead, Average Bid Size

Positive Control



Negative Control

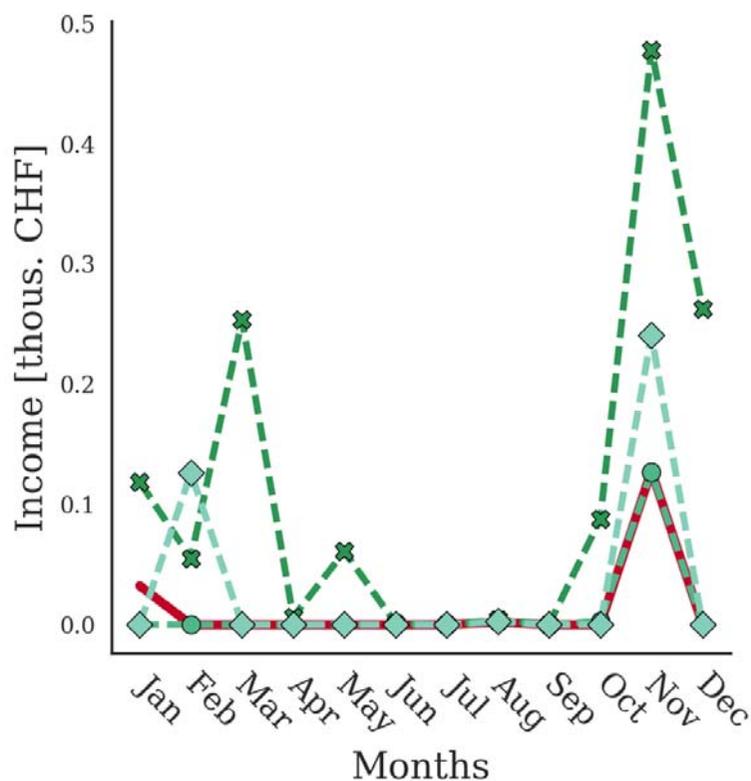


— Perfect Forecast — Stochastic

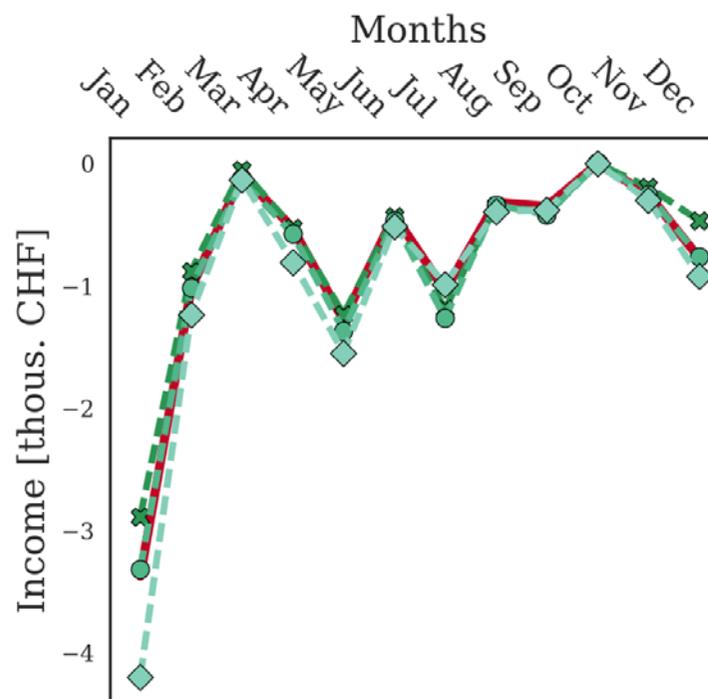


Case Studies – CHP Cost, Activation Income

Positive Control



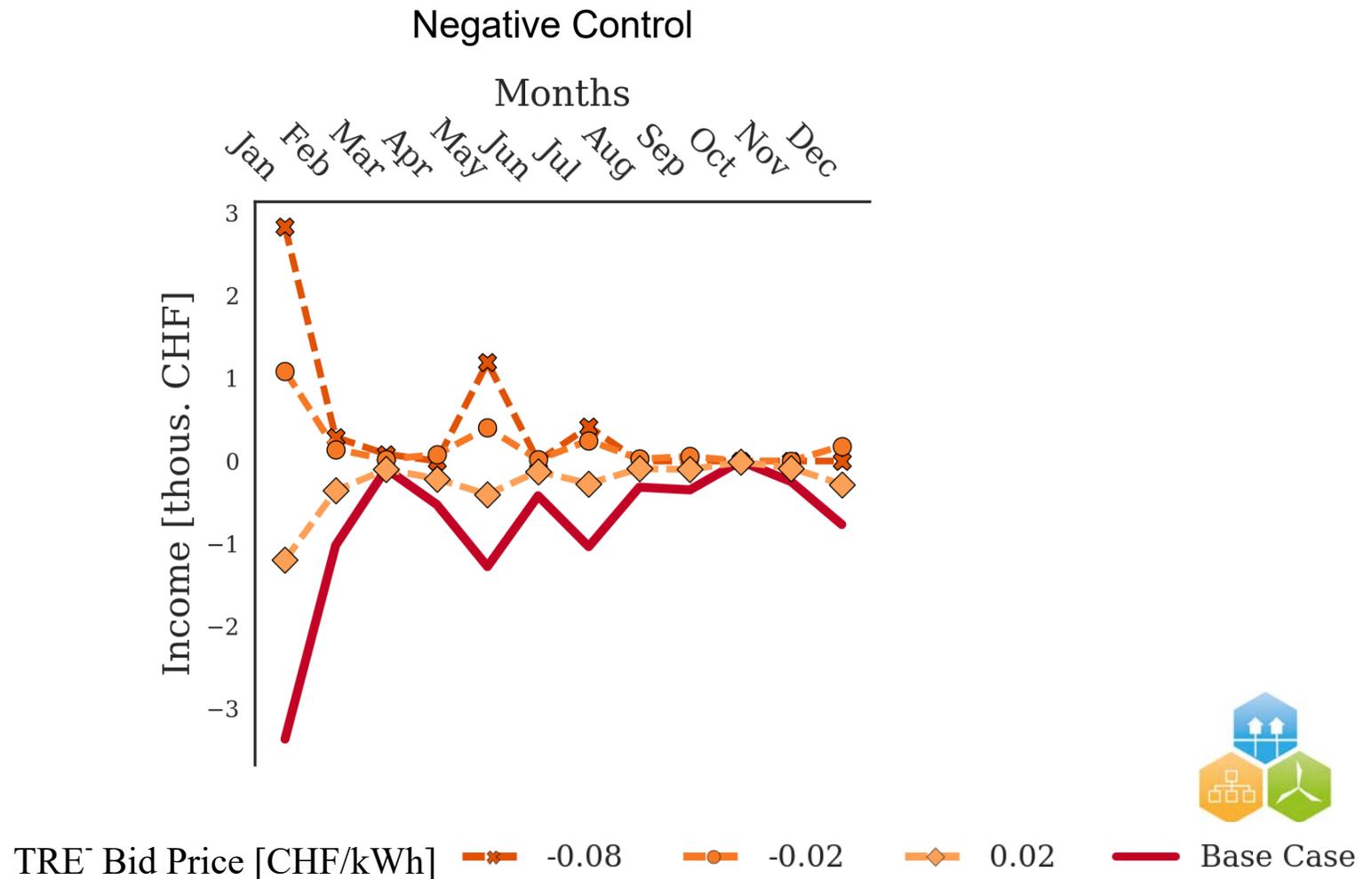
Negative Control



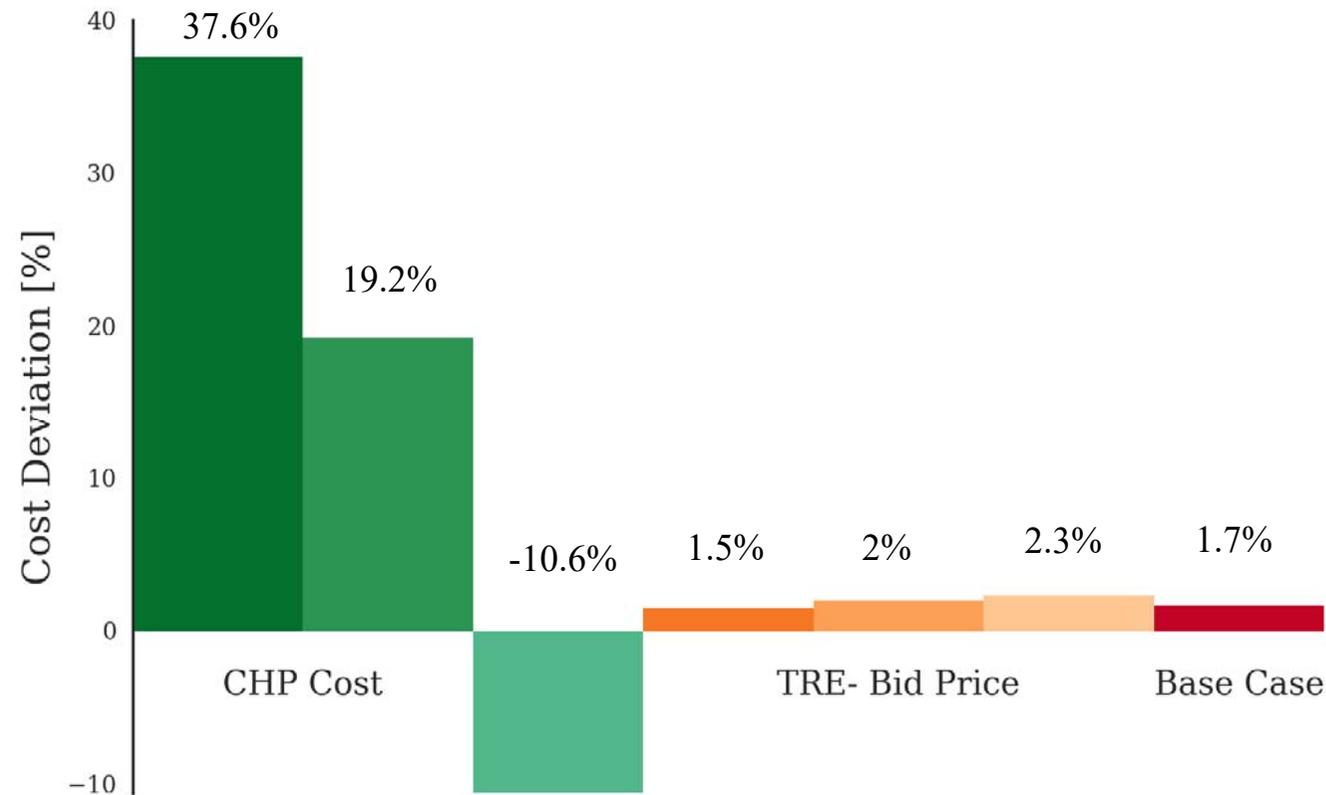
CHP Cost [CHF/kWh]  0.03  0.06  0.12  Base Case



Case Studies – TRE⁻ Bid Price, Activation Income



Case Studies – Cost Deviation from No-Bidding



Conclusion

□ Model is capable of determining the income of TRL for EH

- Negative Control Bids are more frequent
- Day-Ahead Products are preferable

□ Case Studies show Parameter Sensitivity

- CHP cost has a great influence
- TRE^- bid price is important for frequency of activation

□ Small Margin for Profit



Ancillary Services (AS) in Switzerland

- Frequency Control
- Voltage Support
- Compensation of active power losses
- Black Start and island operation capability
- System coordination
- Operational measurement



Frequency Control

Capacity			
	<i>PRL</i>	<i>SRL</i>	<i>TRL</i>
Procurement Scheme	Market	Market	Market
Minimum Bid size (MW)	1	5	5
Product Resolution (time)	Week(s)	Week(s)	Day(s)
Distance to Real Time of Auction	Day(s)	Day(s)	Day(s)
Settlement Rule	Pay as Bid	Pay as Bid	Pay as Bid
Cost Recovery Scheme	Grid Users	Grid Users	Grid Users
Monitoring	Real Time	Real Time	Real Time
Product	Symmetric	Symmetric	Asymmetric
Tender Period	Weekly	Weekly	Weekly or Daily
Capacity Provider	Generators + Load + Pump Storage units pumping		



Frequency Control

Energy			
	<i>PRL</i>	<i>SRL</i>	<i>TRL</i>
Procurement Scheme	-	-	Market
Activation Rule	-	Pro-Rata	Merit Order
Minimum Bid size (MW)	-	-	5
Product Resolution (time)	-	-	Hour or Blocks
Distance to Real Time of Auction	-	-	Hour or Blocks
Settlement Rule	-	Hybrid	Pay as Bid
Cost Recovery Scheme	-	BRP	BRP
Monitoring	-	Ex Post Check	Ex Post Check
Product	Symmetric	Symmetric	Daily Tenders for 4h-Blocks
Activation Time	30s	5m	15m
Partially Activated Product	-	-	No
Volume of Control Power Required (MW)	+/- 74	+/-400	-450,-300
Link	Control Signal	Control Signal	Email, Call
Remuneration of Energy	-	According to Spot Market Price	For 4-h Block Offer and Energy Used



Model – Definition of Bidding Capacities

$$p_t^{j,k} = p_t^{g,k} + p_t^{st,k} \quad \text{for } k = \text{positive} \quad (1)$$

$$p_t^{j,k} = p_t^{st,k} \quad \text{for } k = \text{negative} \quad (2)$$

□ $p_t^{st,k}$: Bidding Capacity Storage

□ $p_t^{g,k}$: Bidding Capacity from Generating Units

Nomenclature

i	Conversion Technologies
j	Week or Day Ahead
k	Positive or Negative
t	Time
x	Energy Carrier

Model – First Stage Constraints

□ Product Time Frame

$$p_t^{j,k} = p_{t+1}^{j,k} \quad \text{for } \text{mod}(t, 168) \neq 0, \quad j = w$$

$$p_t^{j,k} = p_{t+1}^{j,k} \quad \text{for } \text{mod}(\text{mod}(t, 24), 4) \neq 0, \quad j = d$$

□ Minimum Bid Size

$$p_t^{j,k} \leq \beta_t^{j,k} * M$$

$$p_t^{j,k} \geq \beta_t^{j,k} * \underline{p}^{j,k}$$

Nomenclature

i	Conversion Technologies
j	Week or Day Ahead
k	Positive or Negative
t	Time
x	Energy Carrier

Model – Second Stage Constraints

□ Positive Control

$$p_t^{g,k} \leq \sum_i^I (h_i^N - h_{t,i,x,s} C_{x,i})$$

$$p_t^{st,k} \leq \Omega_{t,s,x}^{soc} - \Omega_x^N * \underline{\omega}$$

□ Negative Control

$$p_{t,x}^{st,k} \leq \Omega_x^N - \Omega_{t,s,x}^{soc}$$

Nomenclature

i	Conversion Technologies
j	Week or Day Ahead
k	Positive or Negative
t	Time
x	Energy Carrier

Model – Energy Market Constraints

□ Positive Control

$$\alpha_{t,s}^{j,k} = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } \tilde{c}^{j,k} \leq c_{t,s}^{m,k} \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

□ Negative Control

$$\alpha_{t,s}^{j,k} = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } \tilde{c}^{j,k} * c_{t,s}^{m,k} > 0 \text{ and } |\tilde{c}^{j,k}| \leq \left| c_{t,s}^{m,k} \right| \\ 0, & \text{if } \tilde{c}^{j,k} * c_{t,s}^{m,k} > 0 \text{ and } |\tilde{c}^{j,k}| \geq \left| c_{t,s}^{m,k} \right| \\ 1, & \text{if } \tilde{c}^{j,k} * c_{t,s}^{m,k} < 0 \text{ and } \tilde{c}^{j,k} > 0 \\ 0, & \text{if } \tilde{c}^{j,k} * c_{t,s}^{m,k} < 0 \text{ and } \tilde{c}^{j,k} < 0 \\ 0, & \text{if } \tilde{c}^{j,k} * c_{t,s}^{m,k} = 0 \end{cases}$$

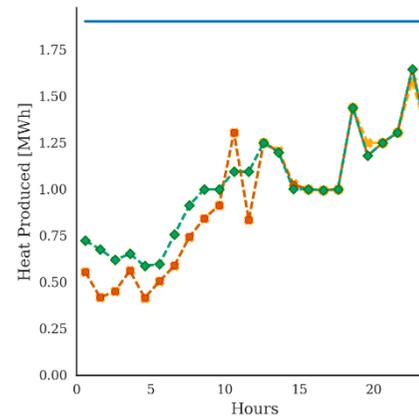
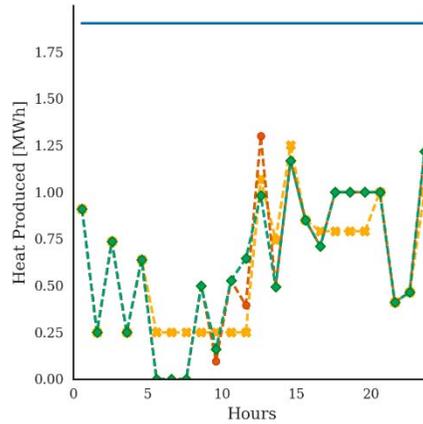


Evaluation - Results

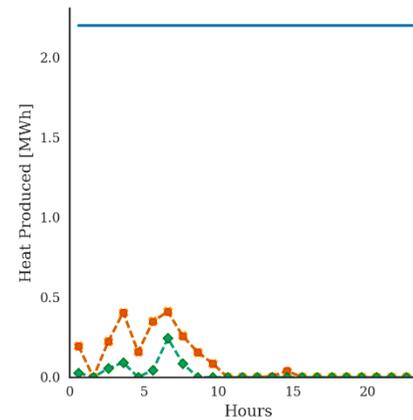
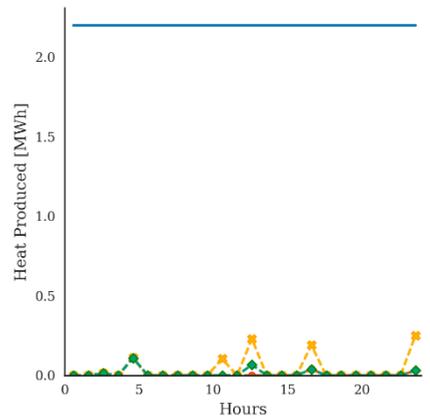
Day 310

Day 359

CHP



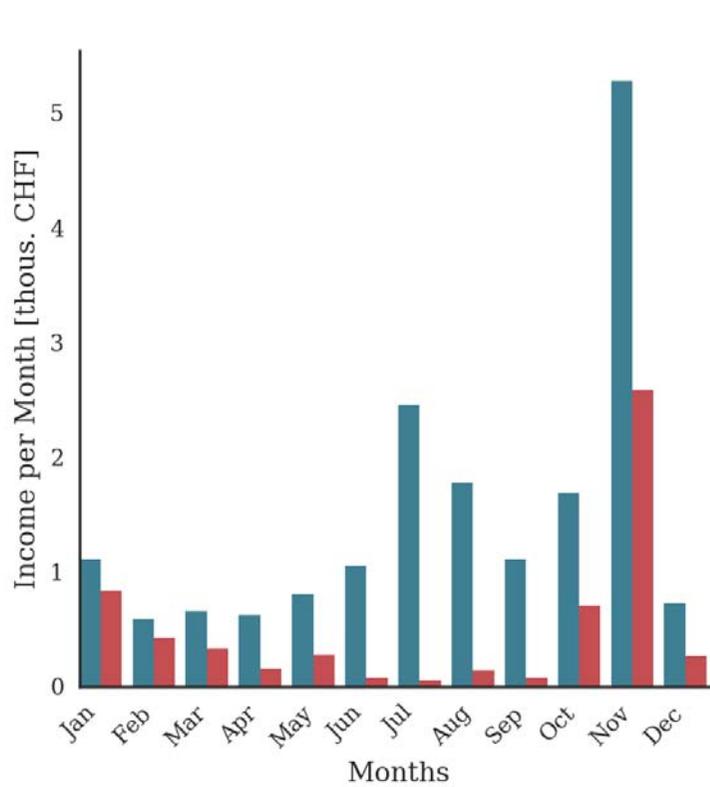
Heat Pump



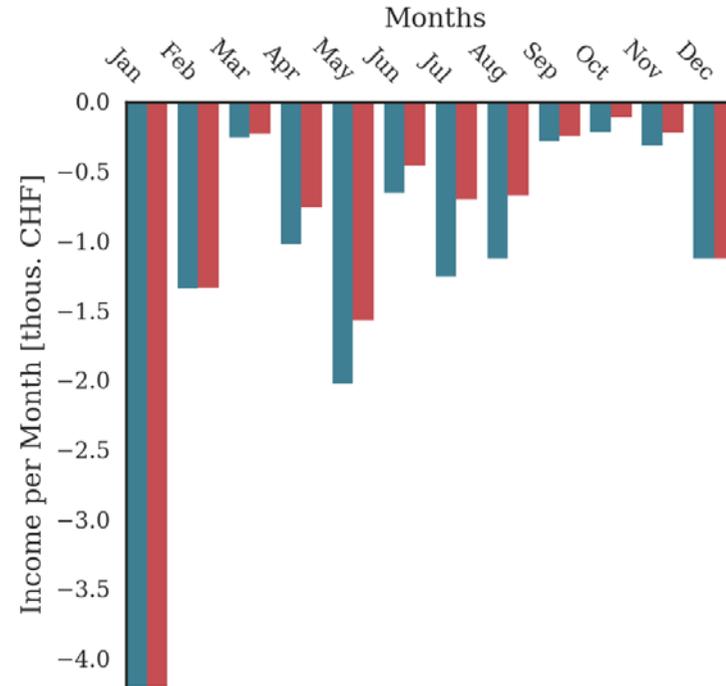
— Capacity
— Perfect Forecast
— Stochastic
— No-Bidding



Evaluation- Results



Availability Income



Activation Income



— Perfect Forecast — Stochastic

Evaluation- Results

Total Avail. Income [thous. CHF]	
Perfect Forecast	17.8
Stochastic	5.9
No-Bidding	0

Availability Income

Total Activ. Income [thous. CHF]	
Perfect Forecast	-14.4
Stochastic	-12.2
No-Bidding	0

Activation Income



Evaluation

Period From 
 Until 
 Time 

• Period: 07.11.2016 - 07.11.2016

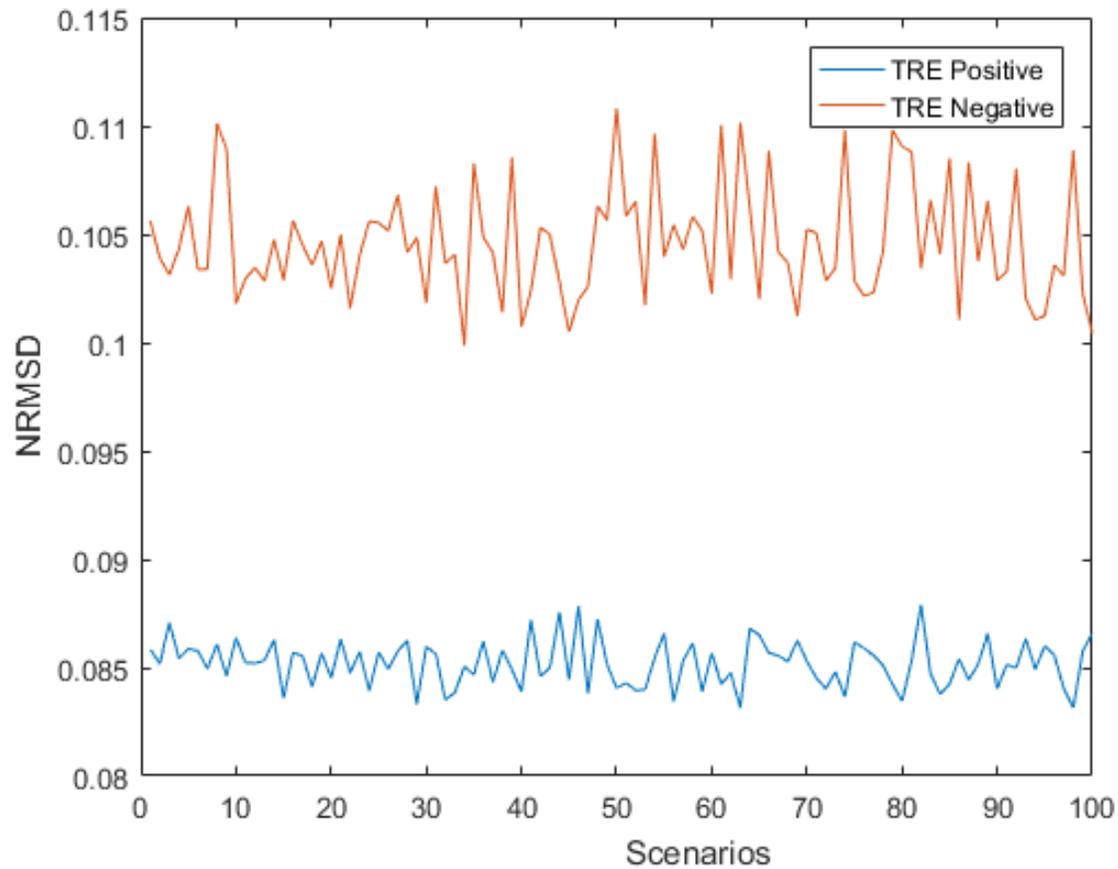
Date	Time	Description	Power offered MW	Power allocated MW	Price CHF/MW
07.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	5	5	15.00
07.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	7	7	19.08
07.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	5	5	37.80
07.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	5	5	38.80
07.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	10	10	39.00
07.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	10	10	39.00
07.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	10	10	48.00
07.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	20	20	48.44
07.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	5	5	50.00
07.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	5	5	55.00
07.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	10	10	58.00
07.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	5	5	85.00
07.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	10	10	89.00
07.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	100	5	100.00
07.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	5	5	130.00
07.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	30	30	130.00
07.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	10	10	145.00
07.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	20	20	156.00
07.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	20	20	180.00
07.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	35	30	199.00
07.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	10	10	200.00
07.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	80	40	235.00
07.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	10	0	300.00
07.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	25	0	1'000.00
07.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	20	0	1'000.00

Power
 Period From 
 Until 
 Time 

• Period: 06.11.2016 - 06.11.2016

Date	Time	Description	Power offered MW	Power allocated MW	Price CHF/MW
06.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	100	90	1.80
06.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	20	20	2.00
06.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	10	10	2.30
06.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	100	59	2.32
06.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	10	9	2.43
06.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	10	10	2.70
06.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	15	15	2.80
06.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	20	20	3.00
06.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	30	30	3.00
06.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	10	0	3.20
06.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	20	20	3.20
06.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	10	0	3.50
06.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	10	0	3.60
06.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	10	0	3.60
06.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	10	0	3.70
06.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	5	5	3.89
06.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	10	0	4.80
06.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	10	0	8.00
06.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	5	0	20.00
06.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	10	0	20.10
06.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	50	0	38.00
06.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	5	0	50.00
06.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	8	0	51.00
06.11.2016	08:00 - 12:00	TRL+_s_08-12	10	0	145.00

Scenario Forecast

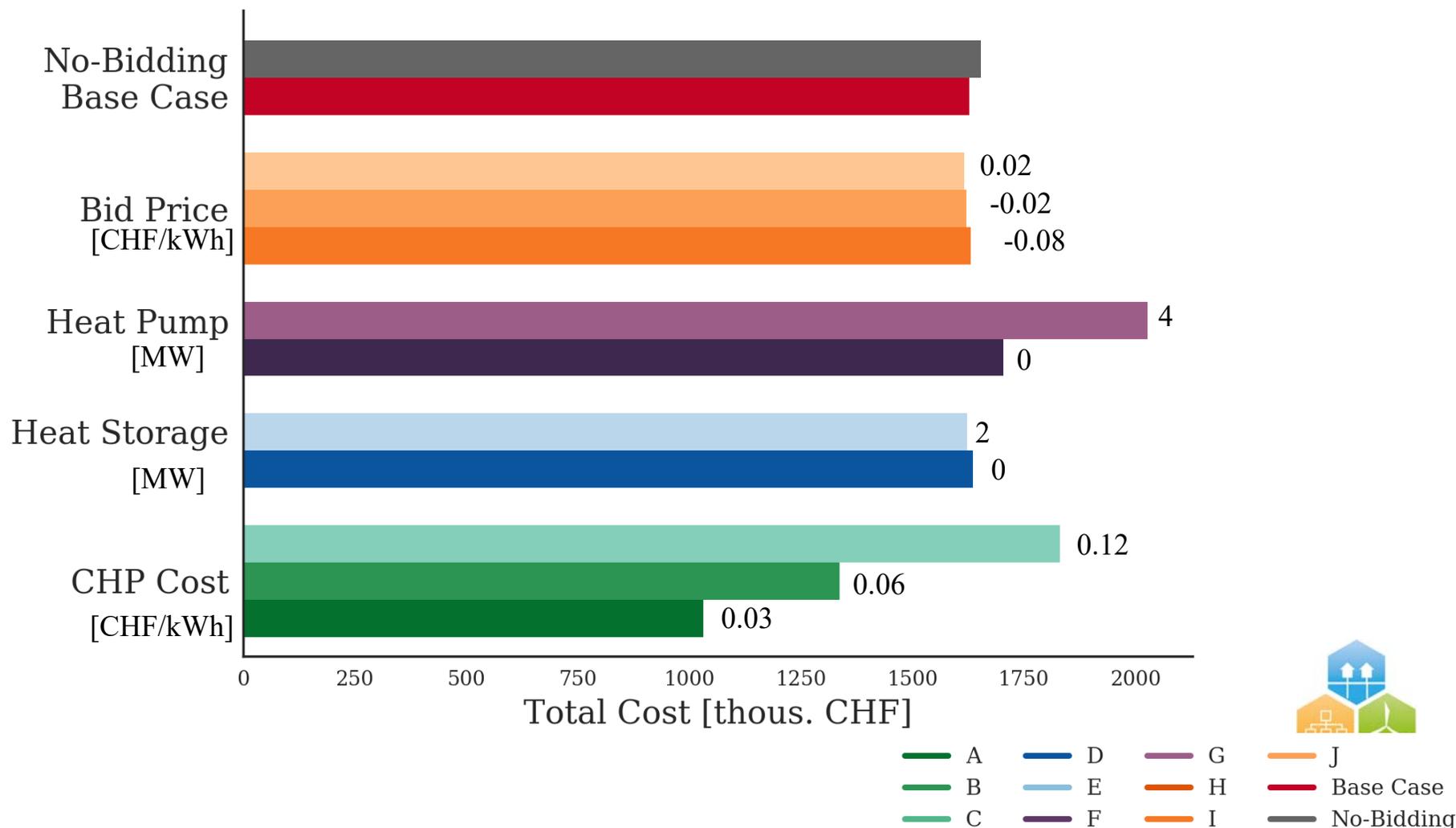


Case Studies – Parameter Sensitivity Analysis

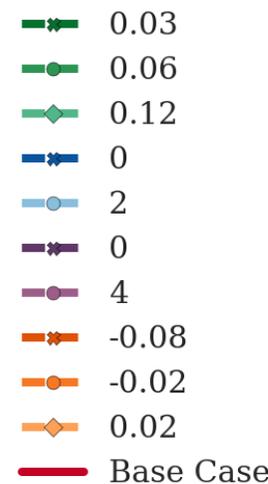
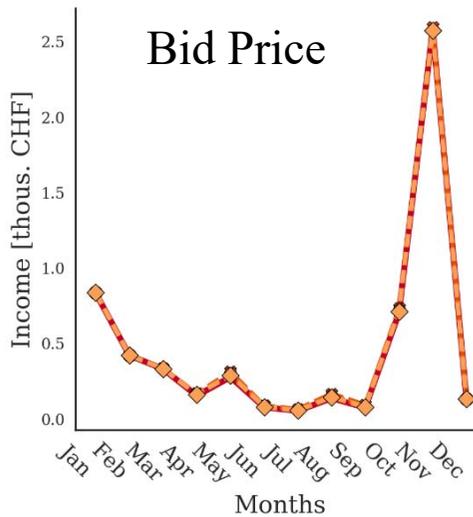
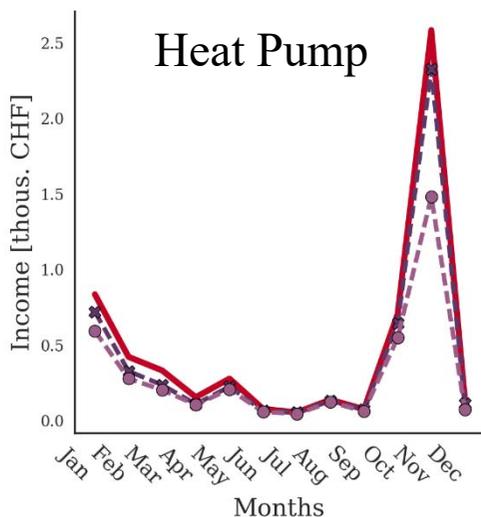
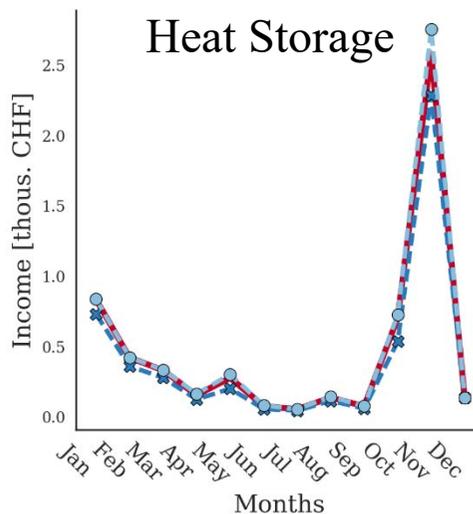
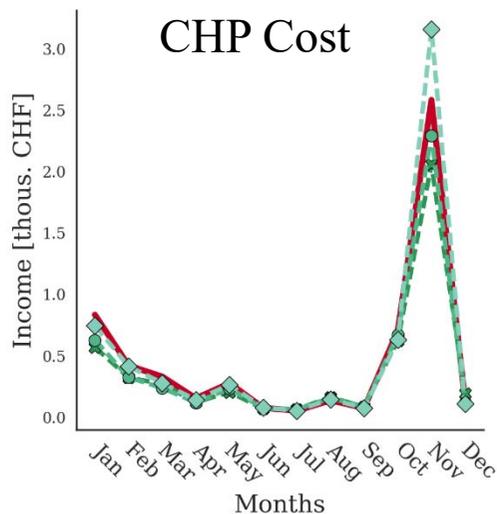
Case	Modified Parameter	New Value	Base Case Value	Unit
A		0.03		
B	CHP Operating Cost	0.06	0.09	CHF/kWh
C		0.12		
D		0		
E	Heat Storage Capacity	2	1	MWh
F	Heat Pump Capacity	0	2.2	MW
G		4		
H		-0.08		
I	TRE- Bid Price	-0.02	0.08	CHF/kWh
J		0.02		



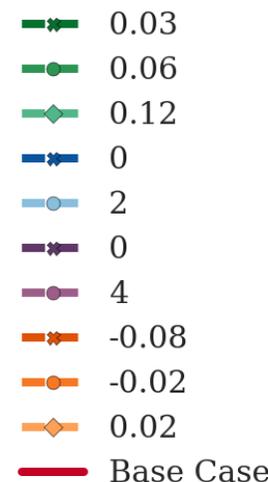
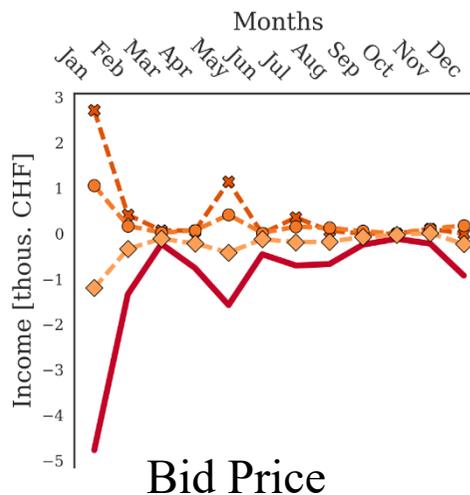
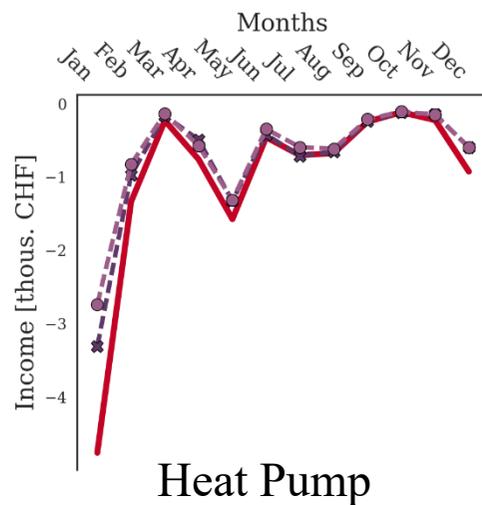
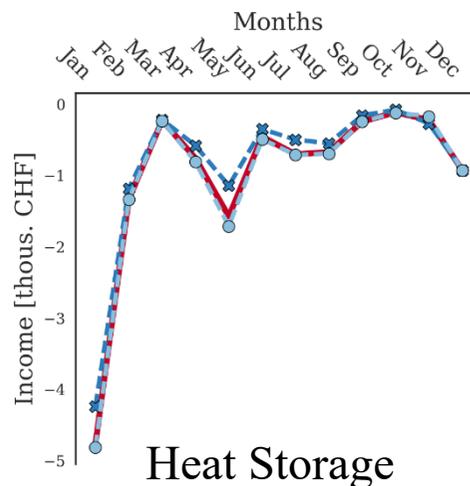
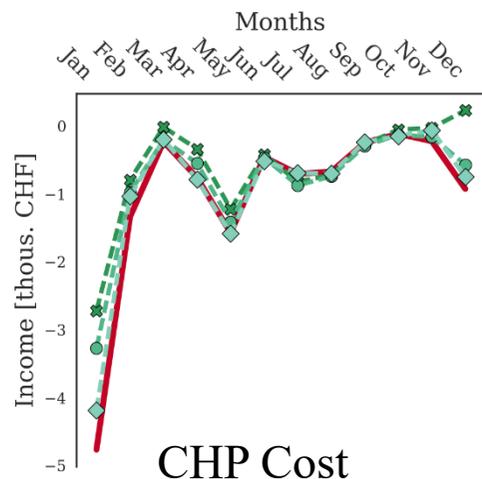
Case Studies – Total Cost



Case Studies – Availability Income

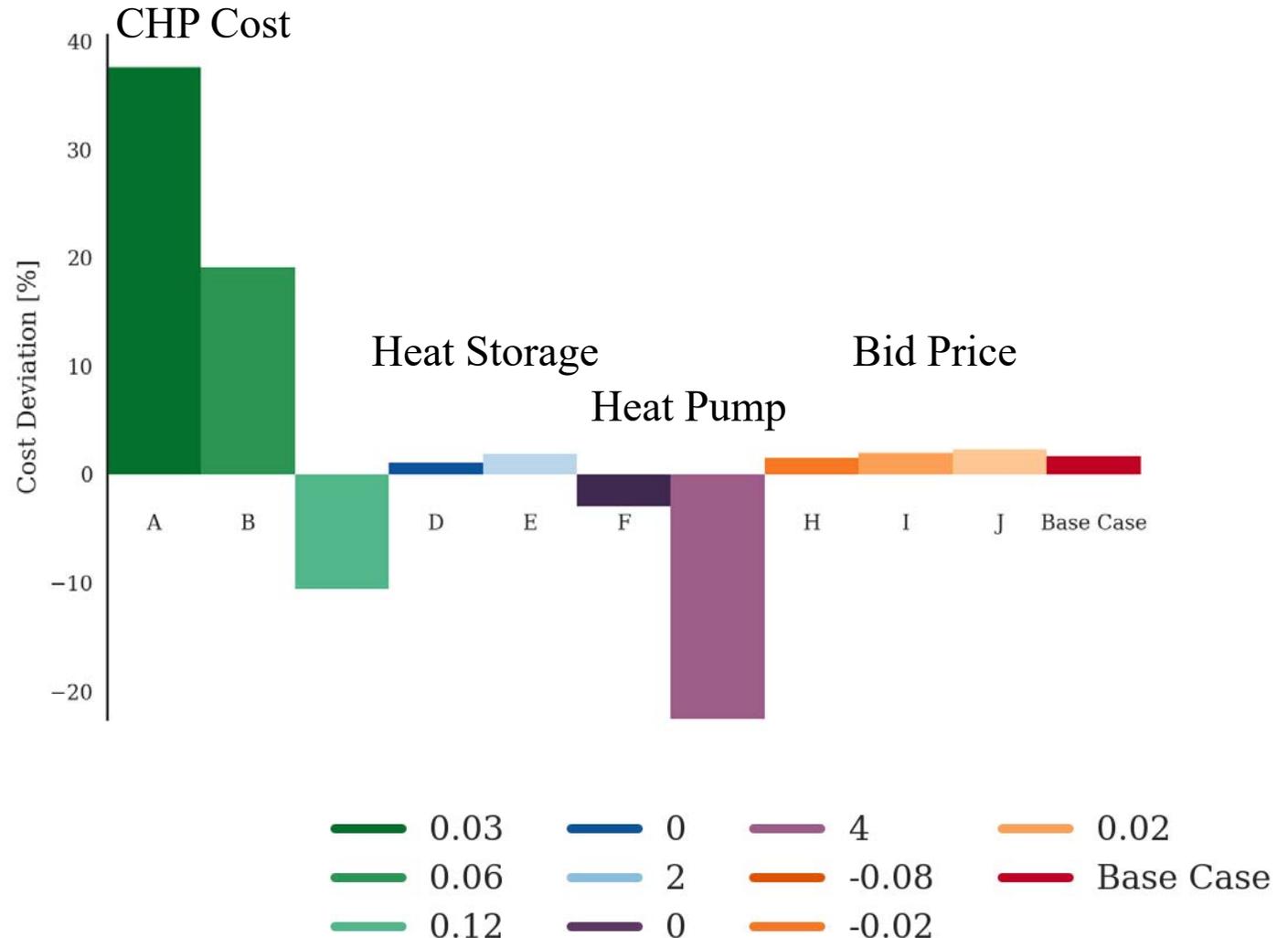


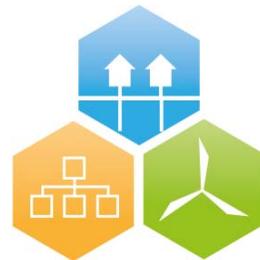
Case Studies – Activation Income



Case Studies – Cost Deviation from No-Bidding

Case	Cost Deviation to No-Bidding (%)
A	37.6
B	19.2
C	-10.6
D	1.1
E	1.9
F	-3
G	-22.5
H	1.5
I	2
J	2.3
Base Case	1.7





4DH
4th Generation District Heating
Technologies and Systems



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DENMARK

The Influence of Participation in Ancillary Service Markets on Optimal Energy Hub Operation

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